Schoharie Watershed Stream Management Program 2017 – 2019 Action Plan



Photo of Schoharie Creek Streambank Stabilization at Kozak, courtesy of Chris Langworthy (GCSWCD)



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To: David Burns, Project Manager, NYCDEP

From: Jeff Flack, Executive Director, GCSWCD

Date: May 10, 2017

Re: Schoharie Watershed Stream Management Program 2017-2019 Action Plan

The Greene County Soil and Water Conservation District (GCSWCD) and the NYC Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) have collaborated with the Schoharie Watershed Advisory Committee (SWAC) to develop the 2017 – 2019 Action Plan. The Action Plan provides the Schoharie Watershed Stream Management Program's activities, projects and programs that are planned for 2017-2019 as well as program accomplishments.

The Action Plan is divided into key programmatic areas:

- A. Protecting and Enhancing Stream Stability and Water Quality
- B. Floodplain Management and Planning
- C. Highway and Infrastructure Management in Conjunction with Streams
- D. Assisting Streamside Landowners (Public and Private)
- E. Protecting and Enhancing Aquatic and Riparian Habitat
- F. Enhancing Public Access to Streams

The Action Plan is updated and revised annually. This plan will be implemented from May 2017 – May 2019.

## Schoharie Watershed Stream Management Program 2017-2019 Action Plan

## Purpose

This Action Plan identifies stream management goals, presents a subset of stream management plan recommendations and identifies current implementation initiatives by the Schoharie Watershed Stream Management Program for the period 2017-2019. The Action Plan also provides the current status or progress of each action item.

<u>How to read this document:</u> The Action Plan is organized around key programmatic areas. For each topic area, a list of recommendations, derived from Stream Management Plans and program staff, are provided in *italicized text*. Following the recommendations, the ongoing projects, programs and activities, including those that are funded through the Stream Management Implementation Program (SMIP), are listed.

## Background

The Schoharie Watershed Stream Management Program (SWSMP) was established in a partnership between the Greene County Soil & Water Conservation District (GCSWCD) and NYC Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) in 1997 as part of the Filtration Avoidance Determination (FAD) issued to DEP by the Environmental Protection Agency. Stream Management Plans have been completed for each major river corridor in the Schoharie Watershed and each plan includes a set of general recommendations, and project specific recommendations, which provide a "road map" for improved stream and floodplain management. In addition to supporting the FAD, many SWSMP projects also target reductions to in-stream sources of suspended sediments as part of DEP's Shandaken Tunnel State Pollution Discharge Elimination System (SPEDES) permit established in September 2006. The SWSMP seeks to advance state-of-the-art watershed management projects, policies and programs to improve and protect the Schoharie's water resources. Initiatives include the Stream Management Implementation Program (SMIP), the Catskill Streams Buffer Initiative (CSBI), stream and floodplain restoration projects, stream and watershed assessments, flood hazard analysis and mitigation, and education and outreach programs.

The following Action Plan summarizes the programs and projects that GCSWCD will be leading within the Schoharie Basin between May 2017 and May 2019, and includes action plan updates through May 1, 2017. The GCSWCD will lead the efforts for each action item, and work cooperatively with watershed partners including, but not limited to, the Schoharie Watershed Advisory Committee (SWAC), NYCDEP, NYSDEC, CWC and watershed municipalities. Funding sources for our action items include, Stream Management Implementation Program (SMIP), Catskill Streams Buffer Initiative (CSBI), Watershed Assistance Program (WAP), Water Resources Development Act (WRDA), Catskill Watershed Corporation (CWC), DEP/GCSWCD Schoharie Watershed Stream Management Program (Contract), Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), and Natural Resource Conservation Service Emergency Watershed Protection Program (EWP).

## **Program Administration**

The Schoharie Watershed Stream Management Program requires on-going administrative and organizational support to implement stream management efforts. Many of the program administration action plan items began in 2007 and will continue through the duration of the stream management program. Additional action items may be added as the program evolves and as program goals are refined.

Action Item	MINISTRATION Partners	Description	Funding	Status
Program Administration and Implementation Inter-Agency	NYCDEP, GCSWCD, MSMA, SWAC GCSWCD, NYCDEP, NYSDEC,	The GCSWCD has developed an effective and efficient process for implementation of the stream management plans for Schoharie Creek and its associated tributaries. These efforts help to fulfill the NYCDEP FAD obligations. Development and implementation of the program is an on- going process. Facilitate coordination between the agencies with stream management responsibilities. This is a key component of	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD SMP Contract NYCDEP/ GCSWCD SMP	On-going
Coordination Schoharie Watershed Advisory Committee (SWAC)	USACOE Schoharie Basin Municipalities, Technical Advisors, GCSWCD, NYCDEP	SMP implementation. The organizational structure of the Schoharie Watershed Advisory Committee (SWAC) was developed in early 2008. After the kick off meeting in May 2008, the SWAC has met regularly throughout the years, developed program materials to initiate a stream management plan implementation process, and identified projects for implementation. Administrative support for the SWAC remains an on-going activity, with SWAC member reappointments, town re- adoption of SMPs, signing of MOUs to collaborate on stream issues, regular municipal updates and SWAC meetings.	Contract NYCDEP/ GCSWCD SMP Contract	On-going Organized May 2008, meet 2-3x per year
Catskill Streams Website Plant Materials Program	NYCDEP, GCSWCD Schoharie SMP Contract NYCDEP, GCSWCD	The GCSWCD will continue to provide logistical support in the development and maintenance of the Catskill Streams Website as a valuable tool for sharing information with watershed stakeholders. The GCSWCD will also continue to maintain and update the District's website. GCSWCD will continue to maintain its Plant Material Center, stocked with species native to the Catskills, in a way necessary to hold over/grow out native plant material to be used at stream restoration sites. Tasks include the ordering of plant material, willow harvesting, maintaining an inventory of the plants in the PMC, clearing plants of harmful weeds, watering as frequently as necessary and re- potting materials if they outgrow their containers.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD SMP Contract NYCDEP/ GCSWCD Contract	On-going On-going
Operation and Maintenance	NYCDEP, GCSWCD, Landowners	The GCSWCD, NYCDEP and project partners will work to maintain project sites throughout the Schoharie Creek watershed. This may include, but is not limited to, supplemental planting, bioengineering, minor repairs, general maintenance and assessments as needed.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD SMP Contract	On-going, maintenance plan developed annually in Spring

## A. Protecting and Enhancing Stream Stability and Water Quality

Protecting and enhancing stream stability and water quality may include: stream corridor assessments; stream stabilization/restoration projects with a goal to restore stream stability and reduce targeted pollutant; monitoring and maintenance of stream projects; and outreach, education and technical assistance to encourage stream stewardship.

#### STREAM CORRIDOR ASSESSMENT AND MONITORING RECOMMENDATIONS

1. Complete a watershed assessment of tributaries within the Schoharie Creek Watershed that have yet to be assessed and conduct updated assessments of sub-basin streams to record current conditions. These tributaries should be studied to identify and prioritize sediment sources, erosion hazards, and potential water quality impairments and associated treatment opportunities.

2. Review existing water quality data and identify, to the extent possible, the most significant water quality impairments.

3. Identify locations of potential water quality impairments including; sources of pollution from upland areas and within the stream channel such as significant glacial lake clay exposures, and sources of contaminants from road runoff and households, and make prioritized recommendations for their mitigation.

4. Identify, monument and survey selected sites of bank erosion, assess their relative stability, and make prioritized recommendations for their treatment.

5. Monitor constructed stream restoration sites to document the projects' status and performance. Monitoring will include measurements and analysis of geomorphic form, rock structures, and vegetation. Monitoring will be performed in accordance with Army Corps of Engineers permit requirements as well as GCSWCD/NYCDEP annual assessments of the need for additional monitoring. Data will be collected to monitor project stability and vegetation establishment.

STREAM ASSESSMENTS AND MONITORING						
Action Item	Partners	Description	Funding	Status		
Stream Inventory and Assessment	NYCDEP, GCSWCD	Stream Feature Inventories (SFI) are an on-going priority to assess baseline conditions and identify potential projects. The Huntersfield Creek, Red Kill and Little West Kill SFIs, were completed in 2016; post-processing and geodatabase management will continue in 2017. The Batavia Kill SFI will be conducted in 2017. Tributaries to assess in 2018 will be determined in winter, 2017.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD SMP Contract	Active		
Monitoring of Restored Stream Reaches	NYCDEP, GCSWCD	Annual monitoring of restored stream reaches provides valuable information on the effectiveness of restoration practices in addition to fulfilling the permit requirements associated with these projects. Monitoring includes a visual inspection of the reach, photo documentation, pebble counts, and a survey of monumented cross sections and the longitudinal profile.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD SMP Contract	Years 1, 2, 3 and 5 post- construct ion		

		Annually, the GCSWCD and project partners monitor the native riparian vegetation that has been installed along streambanks within the Schoharie watershed. Riparian plantings are completed in conjunction with the installation of natural channel designed (NCD) stream restoration projects and CSBI projects. Vegetation provides for increased stability as trees and shrubs continue to mature, and it is a critical component to the long- term success of these types of projects. Annual vegetation monitoring provides valuable information on the effectiveness of	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Annually Schedule updated
Vegetation	NYCDEP,	restoration practices in addition to fulfilling the permit	SMP	in
Monitoring	GCSWCD	requirements associated with these projects.	Contract	January

#### STREAM RESTORATION AND STABILIZATION RECOMMENDATIONS

1. Identify locations where roads, bridges, or culverts and water quality may be threatened by SMP prioritized bank erosion, or are otherwise unstable or threatened, and make prioritized recommendations for their treatment.

2. Identify locations where improved or residential areas and water quality may be threatened by bank erosion, and make prioritized recommendations for their treatment.

3. Identify locations of stream instabilities contributing to water quality impairment and make prioritized recommendations for their mitigation or treatment.

4. Implement stream stability restoration projects that have been identified through field assessments or prioritized in management plans.

5. Governmental landowners in the Schoharie Creek watershed should manage their lands using natural channel stability concepts, and should serve as a model for other watershed landowners.

STREAM RESTO	STREAM RESTORATION AND STABILIZATION							
Action Item	Partners	Description	Funding	Status				
Batavia Kill Restoration at Red Falls	GCSWCD, NYCDEP	A full-channel restoration project located on the Batavia Kill at the border of Ashland and Prattsville is in the assessment and design phase. This project will develop a plan to stabilize eroding streambanks and to protect water quality by reducing fine sediment sources along this high-turbidity producing reach of stream. The design will address over a mile of severely degraded stream. The assessment, design, permitting and implementation are in progress, and construction is planned for 2018-2019.	GCSWCD/ NYCDEP SMP Contract	Active				
Batavia Kill Restoration at	GCSWCD,	A full channel restoration project of approximately 4,000 feet of streambank along the Batavia Kill that has experienced significant rates of erosion and lateral migration. Full restoration will involve natural channel design to realign the channel and stabilize the bed and bank using a combination of rock structures and bioengineering. Along both sides of the restored stream, the riparian buffer will be enhanced or	SMIP, GCSWCD/ NYCDEP SMP					
Kastanis	NYCDEP	established with native seed, shrubs and trees; the buffer width	Contract	Active				

		will range from 20 feet to 300 feet. Design and installation are planned for 2017.		
Rion Stream Restoration Assessment and Design	SCSWCD, GCSWCD, NYCDEP	Assessment and design of the Rion stream restoration project in Conesville. The stream project will follow the buyout of a flood hazard property. Assessment and design will begin in 2017.	SMIP GCSWCD/NYCDEP SMP Contract	Active

#### STREAM STEWARDSHIP EDUCATION AND OUTREACH RECOMMENDATIONS

1. Collaborate with local and regional partners to enhance education and outreach efforts related to stream and floodplain management, sediment and erosion control, and other topics critical to sound watershed management.

2. Maintain a watershed website to provide information to watershed stakeholders.

3. Develop publications focused on stream management which can be provided to watershed stakeholders and/or used in training workshops.

4. Host a Schoharie Watershed Month with various events planned for watershed residents and visitors to promote awareness and stewardship.

5. Increase public and technical awareness about the importance of the Schoharie Creek watershed and ecosystem by providing educational workshops for a variety of stakeholders including, riparian landowners, municipal leaders, planning boards, code enforcement personnel, highway departments, local businesses, contractors, developers and educators.

6. Increase technical awareness about stream science, water quality protection and best management practices by providing educational workshops for a variety of stakeholders including, riparian landowners, municipal leaders, planning boards, code enforcement personnel, highway departments, local businesses, contractors, developers and educators.

7. Develop detailed, science based guidelines to stream management which are readily available to those entities responsible for stream activities in the Schoharie Creek watershed. Guidelines must emphasize natural channel stability.

STREAM STEWARDSHIP EDUCATION AND OUTREACH						
Action Item	Partners	Description	Funding	Status		
Annual Education and	NYCDEP, GCSWCD,	The GCSWCD continues to work with NYCDEP and others to develop and implement a comprehensive education and outreach strategy with goals submitted annually in January. The GCSWCD will help identify training needs and plan training activities for a wide range of audiences; training activities may be basin-wide or	GCSWCD/ NYCDEP SMP Contract,			
Outreach Plan	SWAC	specific to individual sub-basins.	WAP, CWC	Annually		

		Community involvement and awareness is important for		
	COUNCD			
	GCSWCD,	promoting the protection of streams and their watersheds.		
	NYCDEP,	Hosting a watershed-wide educational and recreational		
	local schools, TU, CWC,	event (SWM) provides an opportunity for watershed residents, students, community groups, tourists, officials		
Schoharie Watershed	WAC, GCCCE,	and others to get to know their stream and the resources		
Month	DEC, SWAC	available to help provide watershed protection.	SMIP	Annually
Wohui	DEC, SWAC	The annual conference, which began in 2007, is organized	Sivili	Annually
		for local municipal officials, county and non-profit		
		agencies, highway departments, regulatory agencies and		
		engineering firms active in the Schoharie Basin, and	GCSWCD/	
	NYCDEP,	offers training in relevant water resources management,	NYCDEP	
Schoharie Watershed	GCSWCD,	regulations, land use, and stormwater management.	SMP	
Summit	SWAC	Credits for planning board members are provided.	Contract	Annually
		The biennial watershed tours are organized to provide		2
		public officials, watershed managers and landowners an		
		opportunity to view project sites to see the range and	GCSWCD/	
	NYCDEP,	diversity of completed and potential watershed projects.	NYCDEP	
Schoharie Watershed	GCSWCD,	The tours offer training in relevant water resource issues	SMP	
Tour	SWAC	and management. The next tour will be held in 2017.	Contract	Biennial
		Success of SMP implementation requires community		
		awareness and involvement. In order to keep watershed		
		communities and interested stakeholders informed of	GCSWCD/	
		SMP implementation progress and activities, the	NYCDEP	
		GCSWCD and its partners may use a variety of outreach	SMP	
		media including newspaper articles, an "e"-newsletter,	Contract,	
		program print newsletter, brochures, facts sheets, project	CWC,	
	NYCDEP,	announcements, media contacts, press releases and	GCSWCD-	
Community Outreach	GCSWCD	kiosks.	WAP	On-going
		The Enviroscape Watershed/Nonpoint Source Model		
		provides a hands-on demonstration of how watersheds		
		work, with a focus on water pollution and runoff. Using		
		the model, we have provided interactive lessons about		
	NWODED	different types of pollution (point and nonpoint sources)		
		1 2		
Enviroscence		1	SMID	2017
Enviroscape	Subcommittee		SIMIF	2017
	NYCDEP/			
Hunter-Tannersville	GCSWCD/	photographs for submission to the Student Art Exhibit, an		
Student Photography	E&O	annual event during GCSWCD's Schoharie Watershed		
Trip	Subcommittee	Month in May.	SMIP	2017
		GCSWCD teamed up with Trout Unlimited and		
	NYCDEP/	NYSDEC for a volunteer tree planting in a riparian buffer		
	CSBI/	zone along the Schoharie Creek in Jewett. This planting		
Schoharie Creek Arbor	GCSWCD/	event was held on Saturday, April 29th, 2017 in honor of		
	NYTU/	Arbor Day. This event was part of Schoharie Watershed		
Day Volunteer Tree Planting	NYSDEC	Month.	SMIP	2017
Student Photography Trip Schoharie Creek Arbor	GCSWCD/ E&O Subcommittee NYCDEP/ CSBI/ GCSWCD/	annual event during GCSWCD's Schoharie Watershed Month in May. GCSWCD teamed up with Trout Unlimited and NYSDEC for a volunteer tree planting in a riparian buffer zone along the Schoharie Creek in Jewett. This planting event was held on Saturday, April 29 <sup>th</sup> , 2017 in honor of	SMIP SMIP	2017 2017

		Cornell Cooperative Extension will be adapting Post		
		Flood Stream Intervention, Emergency Stream		
Bowery Creek		Intervention, and CCE's Streams 101 curricula to create		
Training Facility		standardized field components to be available for delivery		
Curriculum	NYCDEP/	at the Bowery Creek Training Facility. This curricula will		
Development for	GCSWCD/	help to increase awareness of stream, floodplain, and		
Onsite Field Trainings	CCE	riparian buffer functions through hands-on field training.	SMIP	2017

## **B.** Floodplain Management and Planning

Floodplain management and planning may include: floodplain assessments; coordination of floodplain management efforts in the watershed; and outreach, education and technical assistance for floodplain management in the Schoharie Watershed.

## LOCAL FLOOD ANALYSIS AND FLOODPLAIN ASSESSMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

1. Identify locations where roads, bridges, or culverts may be threatened by flooding, and make prioritized recommendations for their treatment.

2. Identify locations where improved or residential areas may be threatened by flooding, and make prioritized recommendations for their treatment.

3. Support flood hazard mitigation efforts to reduce the impacts from flooding such as impacts to public safety, homes and businesses, infrastructure and the natural environment.

4. Through LFA provide resources to help WOH municipalities: confirm that there is a significant flood hazard in the target area through engineering analysis; use engineering analysis to develop a range of hazard mitigation alternatives; the primary focus of the analysis is to identify the potential for reducing flood elevations through channel and floodplain restoration, as the first alternative to other hazard mitigation solutions; evaluate both the technical effectiveness and the benefit/cost effectiveness of each solution, and compare different solutions to each other for the most practical, sustainable outcome.

LOCAL FLOOD ANA	LOCAL FLOOD ANALYSIS AND FLOODPLAIN ASSESSMENT					
Action Item	Partners	Description	Funding	Status		
	GCSWCD,	In 2016, the Town of Conesville formed a Flood Advisory				
	NYCDEP,	Committee (FAC) and began to work with consultants in 2016 -				
	Town of	2017 on a Local Flood Analysis (LFA). The LFA will help to	SMIP,			
	Conesville,	determine the causes of flooding, investigate and analyze the	NYCDEP/			
	SCSWCD,	overall potential of specific projects, and projects in	GCSWCD			
Conesville Local	SC	combination, in an attempt to mitigate flood damages and	SMP			
Flood Analysis	Planning	hazards.	Contract	Active		
		In 2016, the Town of Ashland formed a Flood Advisory				
		Committee (FAC) that began to work with consultants in 2016				
		- 2017 on a Local Flood Analysis (LFA). The LFA will help to	SMIP,			
	GCSWCD,	determine the causes of flooding, investigate and analyze the	NYCDEP/			
	NYCDEP,	overall potential of specific projects, and projects in	GCSWCD			
Ashland Local Flood	Town of	combination, in an attempt to mitigate flood damages and	SMP			
Analysis	Ashland	hazards	Contract	Active		
			CWC,			
	GCSWCD,	The GCSWCD will continue to support the LFA recommended	NYCDEP/			
	NYCDEP,	project of relocating GNH Lumber to a site outside the	GCSWCD			
Windham LFA	Town of	floodplain in Windham. Their LFA was completed and	SMP			
Implementation	Windham	adopted in 2015.	Contract	Active		
	GCSWCD,	The incorporated Villages of Tannersville and Hunter and the				
	NYCDEP,	Town of Hunter are coordinating on a Local Flood Analysis				
	Town of	that will study the mapped FEMA streams within the three	SMIP,			
	Hunter,	municipalities namely the Schoharie Creek, Gooseberry Creek,	CWC,			
	Villages of	Sawmill Creek, and Red Kill Creek. The Local Flood Analysis	NYCDEP/			
Schoharie Corridor	Hunter &	(LFA) is undertaken to determine the causes of flooding,	GCSWCD			
Local Flood Analysis	Tannersville	investigate and analyze the overall potential of specific	SMP Con	Active		

	projects, and projects in combination, in an attempt to mitigate flood damages and hazards.	

#### FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT COORDINATION, EDUCATION AND OUTREACH RECOMMENDATIONS

1. The GCSWCD should support local municipalities in the use of FIRM maps.

2. Municipalities in the watershed should conduct a review of current floodplain ordinances and adopt revisions as appropriate. Revisions should reflect current building trends, new technologies, compliance and integrated broader community plans as appropriate.

3. Schoharie Watershed municipalities should evaluate participation in the FEMA Community Rating System.

4. Access to flood prevention/protection information should be established and supported throughout the Schoharie Creek Watershed.

5. Watershed municipalities, working with local and state agencies, should support periodic training sessions on flood related issues. Audiences should include municipal leaders, code enforcement staff, planning boards, landowners, realtors, lending institutions and others.

6. Watershed municipalities should facilitate development of a flood damage reporting system to track types of flooding, their location and the costs associated with flood damage.

7. Stream and floodplain management guidelines, which integrate stream form and function, should be developed for use during post flood response.

FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT COORDINATION, EDUCATION AND OUTREACH						
Action Item	Partners	Description	Funding	Status		
		The NYCDEP flood buyout program is currently being				
		developed. GCSWCD will help to facilitate the program				
	NYCDEP,	and may serve as the technical and outreach lead for some				
	GCSWCD,	Schoharie Watershed municipalities. The program will	NYCDEP/			
	Schoharie	begin with erosion hazard buyout properties. Planning	GCSWCD			
NYCDEP Flood	Watershed	and implementation of the program is scheduled for 2017-	SMP			
Buyout Program	Municipalities	2019.	Contract	Active		

## C. Highway and Infrastructure Management in Conjunction with Streams

Highway and infrastructure management in conjunction with streams may include: best management practices (BMPs) to improve infrastructure and stream intersections; stormwater management; and outreach, training and financial assistance to infrastructure managers to demonstrate BMPs.

#### HIGHWAY, INFRASTRUCTURE AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

1. Local municipalities, Greene County Highway Department and NYSDOT should place a priority on vegetation management on critical areas such as roadside ditches and steep slopes.

2. Watershed municipalities should evaluate winter road abrasive procedures to address abrasive quality, application methods and spring sweeping.

3. The Town and County Highway Departments and NYSDOT should integrate geomorphology principles in all new projects and routine maintenance activities related to the Schoharie Watershed.

4. Work with local highway departments to minimize the negative effects of bank armor through the use of vegetation within and above the armor. Replant existing rip rap. This will both increase the effectiveness and strength of the rip rap and cool water temperatures through shading and reducing the thermal effects of heated rock.

5, Work with the SWAC Highway Committee to identify opportunities to address infrastructure that is leading to stream instability and water quality degradation.

HIGHWAY, INFRASTRUCTURE AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT						
Action Item	Partners	Description	Funding	Status		
Critical Area Seeding and Slope Stabilization Program	GCSWCD, NYCDEP, County & Municipal Highway Departments	All of the SMPs and the SWAC Highway and Infrastructure subcommittee recommend that local municipalities, county highway departments and NYSDOT should place priority on vegetation management on critical areas such as roadside ditches and steep slopes. GCSWCD continues to partner with all highway departments to provide critical area seeding for roadside ditches and slopes using the district's hydroseeder and power mulcher. In 2016, the program launched a slope stabilization fund through SMIP to address prioritized slopes with reinforced vegetative treatments for highway departments that attended a mandatory training in April, 2016.	SMIP, NYCDEP/ GCSWCD Schoharie SMP Contract	On- going		
Kaaterskill United Methodist Church Stormwater/Rain Harvesting Project	NYCDEP, GCSWCD, Kaaterskill United Methodist Church	Several stormwater management practices are proposed to treat the water from the roof drainage and provide storm water infiltration. These include rooftop rain harvesting (gutter system), and above ground cistern to capture the runoff and serve as a water source for the community garden, and four rain gardens to provide stormwater filtration and infiltration. A detailed design is in progress and construction is planned for spring of 2018.	SMIP NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Active		
Schoharie Watershed Stream Crossing/ Culvert Design	Highway Superintendents Subcommittee, NYCDEP, GCSWCD	To support local highway departments two SMIP grants have been awarded (\$50,000 & \$30,000) to fund engineering design services to ensure prioritized culverts/embankments are designed properly. County Route 2 culvert is being designed using these monies. The culverts are upgraded to reduce stream instability and associated pollutants, allow for proper conveyance and passage of aquatic organisms.	SMIP	On- going		

Street Sweeper with Vacuum	Highway Superintendents Subcommittee, NYCDEP, GCSWCD	After the winter season, highway crews sweep road abrasives using different machines. Greene County owns a sweeper with a vacuum that is effective at collecting leftover sand material and cleaning out stormwater structures. Given its limited availability, purchasing another one for the mountaintop communities will allow more road miles to be cleaned and maintained across the mountaintop, thereby reducing the amount of abrasives washing into ditches and waterways.	CWC, SMIP	Active
	GCHD, GCSWCD,	The project will replace a culvert that conveys stream flow from the Little West Kill under County Route 2. The existing culvert alignment has contributed to localized streambank instabilities and discontinuity of sediment transport. The replacement culvert will improve road stability, flow	SMIP,	
County Route 2 Culvert Upgrade, Little West Kill	NYCDEP, Town of Lexington	conveyance, sediment transport continuity, habitat connectivity and aquatic organism passage. Design and construction are targeted for 2017.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD, GCHD	Active
Hunter Wetlands Leachate Treatment System Remediation - Implementation	Mountaintop Towns, GCSWCD, NYCDEP	Install a remediation implementation project to address the problems with the Hunter Landfill Wetland Treatment System effluent discharges. Design will be completed in 2017 with construction in 2018.	SMIP	Active

# RECOMMENDATIONS FOR OUTREACH AND TECHNICAL SUPPORT TO HIGHWAY DEPARTMENTS, STORMWATER MANAGERS, AND CONTRACTORS

1. Provide municipal highway departments and local contractors with hands-on training in various stream management activities. Conduct field days, workshops and demonstration projects to meet this goal.

2. Educate and train municipal highway departments in stream process, and provide them with information about how maintenance of road systems and other public infrastructure may impact local waterways.

3. Provide education and outreach to municipal highway departments, stormwater managers and contractors to improve their ability to recognize changes in stream stability and impacts to water quality that may be associated with infrastructure management activities and to understand the impact of any management action they may take.

OUTREACH & TECHNICAL SUPPORT TO HIGHWAY DEPARTMENTS, STORMWATER MANAGERS & CONTRACTORS					
Action Item	Partners	Description	Funding	Status	
		This training targets contractors, engineers, local government			
		and watershed residents and provides knowledge about why			
		stormwater is a concern and information on the new GP-0-			
		15-002 permit. The training also informs participants about			
		the requirements of stormwater pollution prevention plans			
NYS DEC endorsed		(SWPPP). Participants learn about erosion and sediment			
Erosion and Sediment		control practices and how to perform site inspections, and			
Control Required	NYSDEC,	how to obtain technical assistance on erosion and sediment			
Construction Activity	NYCDEP,	control problems. GCSWCD hosted a training in 2017 and	NYCDEP,		
Training	GCSWCD	will target 2019 for the next session.	GCSWCD	Active	

		Develop, design, and implement a highway ditch stabilization workshop for local highway departments. Attendance will be mandatory for those interested in		
	NYCDED	applying for funding through the Mountaintop Highway Ditch Stabilization Project (awarded by SMIP). This	GCSWCD	
	NYCDEP,			
Highway Ditch	GCSWCD,	workshop occurred on April 18th, 2016 with presenters	NYCDEP	
Stabilization	SWAC, EJ	coordinated through EJ Prescott, and a field component will	SMP	
Workshop	Prescott	follow in 2017	Contract	Active

## **D.** Assisting Streamside Landowners (Public and Private)

Assisting public and private streamside landowners may include: providing access to training and technical information to increase water resource knowledge, skills and capabilities of landowners; and providing technical assistance and programmatic support for stream issues and riparian restorations.

## CATSKILL STREAMS BUFFER INITIATIVE

1. Preserve and protect existing riparian buffers and provide for improved stewardship.

2. Efforts should be made to protect/enhance the stream corridor through the establishment of effective forested buffers. Stream buffers will offer some measure of protection against encroaching land uses and act to protect public and private property.

3. Assist landowners with their efforts to protect and maintain healthy riparian buffers, address invasive species, and improve the condition of unstable or degraded riparian areas.

4. Provide assistance with managing and preventing the spread of Japanese knotweed and other invasive species.

5. Provide assistance for streamside landowners to maintain diverse and healthy riparian buffers of at least 35-100 feet using native shrubs, trees and other woody vegetation.

CATSKILL STREAMS BUFFER INITIATIVE					
Action Item	Partners	Description	Funding	Status	
		Replant a large section of Batavia Kill streambank adjacent to Tompkins			
		Quarry. Project was on hold due to a change in ownership from			
	GCSWCD,	Tompkins Quarry to the Town of Ashland. A planting plan has been			
Tompkins Riparian	NYCDEP,	developed and GCSWCD will obtain landowner agreement with the			
Project	Ashland	Town of Ashland to proceed with planting in 2016 and 2017.	CSBI	Active	
		Riparian planting project to restore approximately 300 linear feet of			
		streamside vegetation along the East Kill. GCSWCD has a 5 year			
		landowner agreement for this property. The Greene County Highway			
		Department restored the stream channel. GCSWCD installed willow			
		stakes along 300 feet of streambank. Additional trees and shrubs will be			
Benjamin Property	GCSWCD,	planted on the site. Project site will be evaluated to determine			
Planting	NYCDEP	vegetation needs in 2017.	CSBI	Active	
		Riparian planting project to restore approximately 200 linear feet of			
		streamside vegetation along the Batavia Kill just upstream of the			
	GCSWCD,	confluence with the Schoharie Creek in Prattsville at the Everett Conine			
	NYCDEP,	Memorial Field. Plant an additional 550 linear feet of streamside			
Prattsville Ball	Town of	vegetation along the Schoharie Creek at the same property. Project is on			
Field	Prattsville	hold due to park and trail construction.	CSBI	Active	
Chase Property	GCSWCD,	Riparian planting to restore approximately 200 linear feet of streamside			
Planting	NYCDEP	vegetation along a Batavia Kill tributary in Hensonville in Fall 2017.	CSBI	Active	
		Riparian planting to restore approximately 300 linear feet of streamside			
		vegetation along a Schoharie Creek tributary in Hunter. GCSWCD has			
		surveyed the property and will design bioengineering and bank			
Grossman Property	GCSWCD,	treatments prior to planting 180 native trees and shrubs in 2016.			
Planting	NYCDEP	Vegetation will be installed in spring 2017.	CSBI	Active	

Pesciotta Planting	GCSWCD, NYCDEP	Restore approximately 22,300 square feet of streamside vegetation along a portion of the East Kill in East Jewett. Plant 225 riparian trees and shrubs and install 100 willow stakes.	CSBI	Active
Freedman Planting	GCSWCD, NYCDEP	Restore approximately 5,175 square feet of streamside vegetation along a portion of the Stony Clove in Hunter. Plant 55 riparian trees and shrubs and install 50 willow stakes.	CSBI	Active
Riley Planting	GCSWCD, NYCDEP	Restore approximately 5,840 square feet of streamside vegetation along a portion of the Stony Clove in Hunter. Plant 60 riparian trees and shrubs and install 50 willow stakes.	CSBI	Active
Simmons Planting	GCSWCD, NYCDEP	Restore approximately 10,500 square feet of streamside vegetation along a portion of the West Kill in Lexington. Plant 120 riparian trees and shrubs and install 100 willow stakes.	CSBI	Active
Drake Planting	GCSWCD, NYCDEP	Restore approximately 68,770 square feet of streamside vegetation along a portion of the Schoharie Creek in Lexington. Plant 680 riparian trees and shrubs and install 100 willow stakes.	CSBI	Active
Rikard Planting	GCSWCD, NYCDEP	Restore approximately 11,870 square feet of streamside vegetation along a portion of the Schoharie Creek in Lexington. Plant 120 riparian trees and shrubs and install 50 willow stakes.	CSBI	Active
Bilash Arbor Day Planting	GCSWCD, NYCDEP, Trout Unlimited	Restore approximately 53,000 square feet of streamside vegetation along a portion of the Schoharie Creek in Jewett. Plant 600 bare root riparian trees and shrubs for an Arbor Day volunteer planting event.	CSBI	Active
Japanese Knotweed	GCSWCD,	Treat Japanese knotweed with herbicides on stream restoration sites and Catskill Stream Buffer Initiative project sites. Sites that will be treated in 2017 include, South Street Riparian Planting, Brandywine/Ashland Connector Reach, Maier Farm, Kastanis, Ashland Wellhead, Holden,	CSBI GCSWCD NYCDEP SMP	
Treatment	NYCDEP	Conine, Lanesville and Apple Hill.	Contract	Active

## OUTREACH, EDUCATION AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO STREAMSIDE LANDOWNERS

1. Provide streamside landowners detailed technical information on the establishment and maintenance of riparian buffers.

2. Provide stakeholders technical assistance that will guide restoration of stream system stability and help to maintain ecological integrity. Technical assistance can range from a landowner consultation to activities that will help meet the priorities of protecting water quality and establishing riparian buffers.

3. Provide long-term access to technical assistance to landowners and municipalities for assessment of their stream-related problems, and development of effective management strategies and to supervise stream project implementation.

4. Educate streamside landowners by providing a basic understanding of fluvial process, factors impacting streambank stability and water quality, and management decisions for the promotion of a healthy stream.

5. Characterize current riparian vegetation management in the watershed and make prioritized recommendations for changes that can improve ecosystem integrity.

6. Educate municipal leaders by providing a basic understanding of fluvial process, with an emphasis on how local decision makers can support stream health through their leadership and provide information on the multiple benefits which can be realized by protecting stream and watershed health.

OUTREACH, EDUCATION AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO STREAMSIDE LANDOWNERS					
Action Item	Partners	Description	Funding	Status	
		The GCSWCD and NYCDEP have worked			
		cooperatively to develop program resources and policies			
		to provide technical assistance for municipalities,			
		planning boards, highway departments, developers,			
		landowners and other interested parties. Technical	NYCDEP/		
		assistance may include, but is not limited to, stormwater	GCSWCD		
	GCSWCD,	planning and retrofit, stream management activities,	Schoharie,		
Local Technical Assistance	NYCDEP	project permitting, and land use planning.	WAP	On-going	

## E. Protecting and Enhancing Aquatic and Riparian Habitat and Ecosystems

Protecting and enhancing aquatic and riparian habitat and ecosystems may include: support for research and education programs that encourage protection of aquatic and riparian ecosystems; and support for comprehensive and community planning efforts that incorporate watershed protection.

#### STREAM AND RIPARIAN ECOSYSTEM ASSESSMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

1. Conduct a study to monitor summer season stream temperatures along the Schoharie Creek and associated impacts on fisheries. Study will assess if cold water fish communities are thermally limited, and locate areas where habitat improvements might mitigate these impacts, and areas of thermal refuge that may need protection.

2. *Review existing water quality data and identify, to the extent possible, the most significant water quality impairments.* 

3. Identify locations of potential water quality impairments including; sources of pollution from upland areas and within the stream channel, such as significant glacial lake clay exposures, and sources of contaminants from road runoff and households, and make prioritized recommendations for their mitigation.

4. Characterize the status of stream ecosystem health utilizing existing fish and insect population data, and outlining the general threats to ecosystem health and integrity.

5. Conduct a watershed aquatic habitat study including; mapping habitats and associated characteristics throughout Schoharie Creek, characterization of fish species presence or absence in those habitats, establish target fish community structure based on regional and historic fish community data, and make recommendations for improvement of habitat for target community.

6. A habitat assessment should be conducted in the Schoharie Creek and major tributaries, with particular attention paid to thermal refuge for cold water fish.

STREAM AND RIPARIAN ECOSYSTEM ASSESSMENT					
Action Item	Partners	Description	Funding	Status	
		During development of SMPs for the various sub-basins, the			
		GCSWCD and NYCDEP identified the need for further evaluation			
Fisheries	NYCDEP,	of fisheries and the importance of developing a comprehensive			
Assessment &	NYSDEC,	strategy to improve fish habitat. Working through the SWAC			
Improvements	GCSWCD,	Habitat and Recreation Subcommittee the GCSWCD will prioritize			
Strategy	TU, SWAC	recommendations for fisheries improvements in 2017-2018.	TBD	Active	

#### WATERSHED PROTECTION AND COMMUNITY PLANNING RECOMMENDATIONS

1. Establish and maintain a comprehensive program that supports localized efforts and mobilization of the public for stream stewardship and the coordination of agencies, interest groups, municipalities, and stakeholders in community planning and watershed protection.

2. Watershed municipalities should evaluate their existing land use regulations, and adopt provisions which will protect stream corridor resources including wetlands, floodplains and floodways and provide additional local review for proposed development in these special areas.

3. A watershed-wide evaluation of regulations, including ordinances and zoning laws, should be undertaken. The evaluation should seek to identify regulatory gaps and determine if the current laws and ordinances adequately protect the watershed and encourage municipalities to update their regulations as needed.

4. Establish and support a Project Advisory Committee consisting of representatives of all significant stakeholder groups to coordinate the implementation of stream management plans.

5. Watershed municipalities should evaluate local ordinances such as comprehensive plans, zoning regulations, site plan review laws, subdivision laws and floodplain ordinances to determine if adequate consideration is given to riparian buffer impacts.

6. Watershed communities should integrate the evaluation of stormwater impacts on stream systems as they develop and implement comprehensive stormwater management plans which will protect water quality and reduce impacts on stream morphology.

WATERSHED PROTECTION AND COMMUNITY PLANNING					
Action Item	Partners	Description	Funding	Status	
	Mountaintop				
Hunter Wetlands Leachate	Towns,	Design a remediation implementation project to address the			
Treatment System	GCSWCD,	problems with the Hunter Landfill Wetland Treatment System			
Remediation - Engineering	NYCDEP	effluent discharges.	SMIP	Active	

## F. Enhancing Public Access to Streams

Enhancing public access to streams may include: support for projects that improve the quantity and quality of public stream access and enhance stream-based recreational opportunities; and support for projects that provide water resource educational materials at public access points. These recommendations incorporate community development efforts into stream management.

## ENHANCING PUBLIC ACCESS TO STREAMS RECOMMENDATIONS

1. Public access for fishing should be enhanced along the Schoharie Creek stream corridor. Additional public access, as well as improvements to parking and access trails, is representative of the type of activities that may be possible.

2. Investigate opportunities to develop multi-use, low impact trail systems along the stream corridor.

ENHANCING PUBLIC ACCESS TO STREAMS						
Action Item	Partners	Description	Funding	Status		
Lexington Riverfront Access Park	NYCDEP, GCSWCD, Town of Lexington, SWAC, FEMA, NYDOS	The Town of Lexington plans to expand the Schoharie Creek Park (Lexington Pocket Park) by purchasing two additional parcels, along County Route 13a, through the FEMA Property Acquisition Program. The project aims to enhance public outdoor recreation and education along the Schoharie Creek. Components of the project may include a low impact path, a shade structure, and signage/informational kiosk. The Schoharie Watershed Advisory Committee approved funding the riverfront access park contingent upon FEMA, and other regulatory, approvals for development of park-like amenities on the buyout parcels. Pending permitting, this project may proceed in 2017.	SMIP	Active		
Ashland Town Park	Ashland, GCSWCD, NYCDEP	The project entails signage, seeding/riparian planting, and to support efforts to provide public access to the Batavia Kill. Signage was installed in 2016. Riparian plantings will be installed in spring 2017.	SMIP	Active		

#### STREAM ACCESS EDUCATION AND OUTREACH RECOMMENDATIONS

1. Develop an interesting, hands-on display and accompanying presentation that could travel with staff or volunteers to public places. Include the definition of a watershed, how people affect the watershed in their daily lives, the importance of a healthy watershed and what they can do to help improve water quality.

2. At public stream access sites, provide educational materials, such as signage, that may lead to an increased stewardship ethic for the stream.

STREAM ACCESS EDUCATION AND OUTREACH						
Action Item	Partners	Description	Funding	Status		
		As part of the Hunter-Tannersville Elementary Trout Release				
		Program, a guided riparian buffer walk will be held at Dolan's	GCSWCD,			
Riparian Walk	Windham Path	Lake.	NYCDEP	Active		
		Funds were allocated for a kiosk that will promote the Batavia				
Kiosk	Windham Path	Kill and the Windham Path	SMIP	Active		

## Appendix A: Summary of Completed Projects May 2007 – May 2017

PROGRAM AD	VIINIST KATION			
Action Item	Partners	Description	Funding	Status
		The GCSWCD and NYCDEP worked with NYSDEC to evaluate		
		alternatives and to offer training to address the complexity of		
		achieving turbidity control during construction. Two staff		
		members have been trained as Certified Professional Erosion and		
		Sediment Control Specialists, one has been trained as a Certified		
		Professional in Stormwater Quality and the majority of staff were		
		trained as part of the NYSDEC 4-hour erosion and sediment		
		control certification. GCSWCD is also qualified to teach the 4-		
	GCSWCD,	hour E/S control certification. GCSWCD purchased dewatering		
Restoration	NYCDEP,	equipment for stream projects and routinely prepares stormwater	NYCDEP/	Completed
<b>Project Permits</b>	NYSDEC	pollution prevention plans for all size projects.	GCSWCD	2007
		To manage the many projects and priorities in the action plan, the		
		GCSWCD needs staffing and resources to provide overall project		
		administration. In 2007, a staffing plan was developed along with		
Program		a new intergovernmental agreement between GCSWCD and		
Administration	GCSWCD,	NYCDEP that began in January 2009 and will fund watershed	NYCDEP/	Completed
Staffing Plan	NYCDEP	activities through January 2014.	GCSWCD	2007
		The GCSWCD and NYCDEP collaborated to establish a project	OCSWCD	2007
		office within the Schoharie Watershed. The GCSWCD and WAP		
		identified and secured a Mountaintop project office in		
		Tannersville. The office is used by various local, regional, and		
	CCCWCD	state committees working on watershed protection (e.g. Schoharie		
	GCSWCD,	Watershed Advisory Committee, subcommittees of the SWAC,	NVCDED	Completed
December	GCWAP,	Mountaintop Supervisory & Mayors Association, WOH Education	NYCDEP/	Completed
Program Office	NYCDEP	& Outreach committee, etc.).	GCSWCD	2008
		To successfully implement a multi-year riparian buffer program it		
	COUNCE	was necessary to work with NYSDEC, USACOE, and NYCDEP		
	GCSWCD,	to develop a general permit to allow for rapid planning and		
D' ' D ()	NYCDEP,	installation of riparian buffers. The general permit applies to	NUCDED	
Riparian Buffer	NYSDEC,	minor (less than 300 ft.), short-term impacts such as, bank	NYCDEP/	Completed
General Permit	USACOE	preparation and planting.	GCSWCD	2009
_		Completed an RFP process to develop a list of "pre-qualified"		
General		contractors for work including but not limited to, installing		
Contracting	GCSWCD,	stormwater management practices, drainage improvements, and	NYCDEP/	Completed
Specification	NYCDEP	stream projects.	GCSWCD	2009
		All Greene County municipalities within the Schoharie Basin and		
		sub-basins (Batavia Kill, East Kill and West Kill watersheds) and		
	Schoharie	the Town of Conesville (Manor Kill) have adopted the relevant		
	Basin	SMPs and signed Memoranda of Understanding (MOU) with		
	Municipalities,	GCSWCD and SCSWCD, respectively. Annual reviews occur		
	Conesville,	with the municipalities per the MOU and provide an update on		Completed
	GCSWCD,	current action items within the municipality, while also seeking		2009,
Local Adoption	SCSWCD,	input from municipal officials in identifying potential future	NYCDEP/	renewed
of SMPs	NYCDEP	projects based on local needs.	GCSWCD	as needed
		The organizational structure of the Schoharie Watershed Advisory	1	
		Committee (SWAC) was developed in early 2008. After the kick	1	
		off meeting in May 2008, the SWAC has met regularly throughout	1	
	Schoharie	the year, developed program materials to initiate a stream	1	
	Basin	management plan implementation funding application process,	1	
Schoharie	Municipalities,	and identified initial projects for implementation. Although		
Watershed	Technical	administrative support for the SWAC remains an on-going		Organized
Advisory	Advisors,	activity, the effort to establish local representation and		May 2008,
Committee	GCSWCD,	implementation of the SMP, coupled with technical agency	NYCDEP/	meet 2-3x
(SWAC)	NYCDEP	support, has been accomplished.	GCSWCD	per year

## PROGRAM ADMINISTRATION

Plant Materials				
Program:		In 2014, there were 20,401 Greenbelt plants delivered to the		
Greenbelt Plant	NYCDEP,	GCSWCD Plant Materials Center; 14,571 of the plants were	NYCDEP/	Completed
Material	GCSWCD	repotted. In 2015, approximately 5,830 plants were repotted.	GCSWCD	2015
		The GCSWCD, NYCDEP and project partners worked to maintain		
		project sites throughout the Schoharie Watershed. Maintenance		
		activities included:		
		Lanesville – supplemental plantings of trees and shrubs within the		
		floodplain along the left streambank, and willow stake height		
		maintenance.		
		Apple Hill - installation of 500 additional willow stakes along		
		outside of meander bends through project length; supplemental		
		plantings of 1,765 trees and shrubs; fertilized planted material.		
		ACR Parking Area – spread soil along access road and driveway	NYCDEP/	
		entrance; seeded and mulched site with riparian mix and triple rye.	GCSWCD	
	NYCDEP,	Shoemaker – developed a planting plan; seeded site with riparian	Schoharie	
Operation and	GCSWCD,	mix; fertilized the site.	SMP	Completed
Maintenance	Landowners	Griffin Road – fertilized planted trees and shrubs.	Contract	2016

STREAM ASSESSMENTS AND MONITORING						
Action Item	Partners	Description	Funding	Status		
Batavia Kill Stream Walkover	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Collected erosion data along the Batavia Kill in the Towns of Windham, Ashland and Prattsville.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Completed 1997		
West Kill Stream Walkover	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Collected stream feature data along the West Kill in the Town of Lexington.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Completed 2004 & 2005		
Schoharie Creek SFI	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Stream Feature Inventory (SFI) along the Schoharie Creek in the Towns of Hunter, Jewett, Lexington, and Prattsville.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Completed 2006		
East Kill SFI	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Stream Feature Inventory (SFI) along the East Kill in the Town of Jewett.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Completed 2006		
Manor Kill SFI	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Stream Feature Inventory (SFI) along the Manor Kill in the Town of Conesville.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Completed 2008		
		2008: 5 sites; 2009: Conine, Ashland Connector Reach, Brandywine, Farber Farm; 2010: Conine, Ashland Connector Reach, Shoemaker, Lanesville, Sugar Maples, Long Road; 2011: Long Road, Sugar Maples; 2012: Ashland Connector Reach, Conine, Sugar Maples, Schoharie Street, Long Road; 2013: Vista Ridge; 2014: Ashland Well Head, Maier, Conine, Sugar Maples, Holden, CR 6, SR 42, Apple Hill; 2015: Ashland Well Head, Brandywine/Ashland Connector Reach, Maier Farm, Conine, Holden, Long Road, CR 6, SR 42, Lanesville, Vista Ridge, Apple Hill; 2016: Ashland Well Head,				
Monitoring of	NYCDEP/	Brandywine/Ashland Connector Reach, Maier Farm, Conine, Holden, Shoemaker, Long Road, CR 6, SR 42, Lanesville,	NYCDEP/	Completed Annually		
Restored Reaches	GCSWCD	Apple Hill	GCSWCD	2008-2016		

	1			
		2009: Shoemaker, RAH Stables, Long Road, Ashland, Conine, Sugar Maples, Lanesville, Farber Farms, Carr Road; 2010: Shoemaker, RAH Stables, Long Road, ACR, Conine, Sugar Maples, Kastanis, Lanesville, Farber Farm, Carr Road; 2011: Dodson, ACR, Conine, Kastanis, Long Road; 2012: Dodson, Hensonville, North Settlement, Slutzky, Valenti; 2013: Kastanis, Hensonville, Slutzky, Cervini, Torsiello/Hegner,		
Vegetation Monitoring	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Valenti, Cole, Mayo; 2014: Conine, Holden, Vista Ridge, Apple Hill, Hensonville, Cervini, Torsiello/Hegner, Slutzky, Cole; 2015: Ashland Wells, Brandywine/ACR, Maier, Conine, Holden, Vista Ridge, Apple Hill, Long Road, Lanesville, Kastanis, Kane, McRoberts, Avella, Brunsden, Valenti, Mayo, Hensonville, Benjamin Cole. 2016: Benjamin, Donnelly, Wilkie, Enochty, Higgins, Dodson, Torsiello, Cervini, Hegner, Slutzky.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Completed Annually 2009-2016
Manor Kill Stream Management Plan	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD, SCSWCD, SCPD	In 2008, a stream feature inventory, riparian vegetation mapping, and a significant portion of the stream management plan were completed. The Manor Kill Management Plan was completed in 2009, and the Town of Conesville adopted it and signed an MOU for implementation with the Schoharie County SWCD. This project offered an opportunity to expand our partnership and planning area, to include the Schoharie County Planning Dept. and SWCD.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Completed 2009
Survey of potential SPDES stream restoration site	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	A site on the East Kill was selected as a potential SPDES stream restoration site due to its high contribution of fine sediments. One landowner was unwilling to grant GCSWCD permission for the required pre-design survey work. Survey is no longer planned for this site.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Completed 2009
Dale Lane Survey and Hydraulic Analysis	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Site survey was completed in 2009 and hydraulic analysis using HEC RAS was completed in spring 2010.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Completed 2010
Mauro Residence Bank Stability	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Geotechnical assessment of a failing streambank in relation to a private residence. Engineer concluded that the residential structure was not currently threatened by the slope condition. Report provided to the homeowner and the bank was seeded and mulched.	SMIP	Completed 2010
Lexington Sill (Schoharie Creek)	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Upon assessment, it was determined that the removal of the sill would have little impact on the stream. No further action is expected.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Completed 2010
Tributary Assessment and Planning Projects	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Historical alignments, riparian vegetation mapping, watershed analysis, stream feature inventory, and Geodatabases have been completed for Batavia Kill Tributaries North Settlement Creek, Furnace/Red Falls Creek and Mad Brook.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Completed 2010
Huntersfield Creek SFI	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Historical alignments and a Stream Feature Inventory (SFI) have been completed for Huntersfield Creek in the Town of Prattsville.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Completed 2016
Little West Kill SFI	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Historical alignments and a Stream Feature Inventory (SFI) have been completed for the Little West Kill in the Town of Lexington.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Completed 2016
Red Kill SFI	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Historical alignments and a Stream Feature Inventory (SFI) have been completed for the Red Kill in the Town of Hunter.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Completed 2016

	Windham- Batavia Kill: a NYS DOT Article 15 stream		
NYCDEP, GCSWCD NYSDOT	disturbance permit was flagged by DEC Region 4 for potential inclusion of a natural channel design approach. The project, designed and implemented by GCSWCD, established a geomorphically appropriate channel and floodplain bench and included riparian plantings which restored floodplain function.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD, NYSDOT	Completed 2007
NYCDEP, GCSWCD	Town of Prattsville- Batavia Kill: GCSWCD/NYCDEP completed a full geomorphic based restoration of a +/- 1800 foot reach on the lower Batavia Kill. The project addressed severe slope instability, reduced sediment loading and protected private property.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Completed 2008
NYCDEP, GCSWCD	Town of Hunter- Esopus Basin: repairs were made on the Lanesville Demonstration Stream Restoration Project. Most adjustments were associated with gullying on a high slope failure caused by poor drainage on the terrace above the slope, which had not been addressed as part of the restoration project. Other adjustments were made in rock vane elevations and additional bioengineering was added to mitigate gullying.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Completed 2008
NYCDEP, GCSWCD	Repairs to a restoration project GCSWCD implemented in 2000. The April 2005 flood damaged two dewatering wells which then failed to relieve artesian conditions and a mud boil returned, causing chronic turbidity. GCSWCD modified the damaged rock structures and hired a well drilling subcontractor to attempt to rehabilitate the dewater wells. The subcontractor found the well heads had broken and couldn't be rehabilitated. After reviewing all options, a decision was made to abandon the wells and monitor the projects stability.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Completed 2008
NYCDEP, GCSWCD	Town of Jewett- East Kill: excessive erosion, following 2005 and 2006 floods, caused damage to project grading and rock structures, including 4 rock vanes and 2 cross vanes. The site was originally vegetated by Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program (CREP), but the seedlings never became established, limiting project success. This restoration included: removal or modification of damaged rock and cross vanes, treatment of the back channel area to reduce frequency of flows in the back channel and promote use of primary channel, bank grading, vegetative stabilization to reduce erosion, and establishment of riparian buffer along restored reach. Also, a bankfull bench was added, 1,179 larger trees were planted, willow stakes and approximately 1,000 feet of willow fascines were installed, along with many shrubs, sedges, and herbaceous seed.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD, ACOE	Completed 2008
NYCDEP,	Town of Ashland- Batavia Kill: GCSWCD completed planting on the streambanks and floodplains at the lower end of the project reach. Also, compensatory wetland areas were planted with appropriate species. Limited site cleanup work on access/staging areas was completed, and the project was	NYCDEP/	Complete
	NYSDOT NYCDEP, GCSWCD NYCDEP, GCSWCD NYCDEP, GCSWCD	NYSDOT included riparian plantings which restored floodplain function.   Town of Prattsville- Batavia Kill: GCSWCD/NYCDEP completed a full geomorphic based restoration of a +/- 1800 foot reach on the lower Batavia Kill. The project addressed severe slope instability, reduced sediment loading and protected private property.   Town of Hunter- Esopus Basin: repairs were made on the Lanesville Demonstration Stream Restoration Project. Most adjustments were associated with gullying on a high slope failure caused by poor drainage on the terrace above the slope, which had not been addressed as part of the restoration project. Other adjustments were made in rock vane elevations and additional bioengineering was added to mitigate gullying.   Repairs to a restoration project GCSWCD implemented in 2000. The April 2005 flood damaged two dewatering wells which then failed to relieve artesian conditions and and biol returned, causing chronic turbidity. GCSWCD modified the damaged rock structures and hired a well drilling subcontractor to attempt to rehabilitate the dewater wells. The subcontractor found the well heads had broken and couldn't be rehabilitated. After reviewing all options, a decision was made to abandon the wells and monitor the projects stability.   Town of Jewett- East Kill: excessive erosion, following 2005 and 2006 floods, caused damage to project grading and rock structures, including 4 rock vanes and 2 cross vanes. The site was originally vegetated by Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program (CREP), but the seedlings never became established, limiting project scated and crock and cross vanes, treatment of the back channel and promote use of primary channel, bank grading, vegetative stabilization to reduce respont, and establishment of riparian buffer along restored reach. Also, a bankfull bench was added, 1,179 lar	NYSDOT included riparian plantings which restored floodplain function. NYSDOT   Town of Prattsville- Batavia Kill: GCSWCD/NYCDEP completed a full geomorphic based restoration of a +/- 1800 foot reach on the lower Batavia Kill. The project addressed severe slope instability, reduced sediment loading and protected private property. NYCDEP, GCSWCD NYCDEP/   GCSWCD Town of Hunter- Esopus Basin: repairs were made on the Lanesville Demonstration Stream Restoration Project. Most adjustments were associated with gullying on a high slope failure caused by poor drainage on the terrace above the slope, which had not been addressed as part of the restoration project. Other adjustments were made in rock vane elevations and additional bioengineering was added to mitigate gullying. NYCDEP/   GCSWCD Repairs to a restoration project GCSWCD implemented in 2000. The April 2005 flood damaged two dewatering wells which then failed to relive artesian conditions and a mud boil returned, causing chronic turbidity. GCSWCD modified the damaged rock structures and hired a well drilling subcontractor to attempt to rehabilitate the dewater wells. The subcontractor found the well heads had broken and couldn't be rehabilitated. After reviewing all options, a decision was made to abandon the wells and monitor the projects stability. NYCDEP/   GCSWCD Town of Jewett- East Kill: excessive erosion, following 2005 and 2006 floods, caused damage to project grading and rock structures, including 4 rock vanes and 2 cross vanes. The site was originally vegetated by Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program (CREP), but the seedlings nevre became established, limiting project success. This restoration included: removal or modification of damaged ro

		Village of Hunter: stabilization of approximately 120 feet of high stream bank to protect infrastructure and private property. Project includes stacked and pinned riprap and vegetated beds.		
		The GCSWCD and NYCDEP also added additional riparian		
Schoharie Street Stabilization	NYCDEP, GCSWCD	buffer plantings on the opposite bank. Additional plantings including balled and burlapped river birch trees, were added fall 2009.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Completed 2009
		Town of Lexington: completed a full geomorphic restoration of approximately 2,400 linear feet of stream on the West Kill in		
West Kill Restoration Project, Long Road	NYCDEP, GCSWCD	Spruceton Valley. The site had significant bank failure and clay exposures in bank and stream bed. Wetland delineation, archaeological investigation and final survey of site conducted.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Completed 2009
Onlines of Distal Club	NYCDEP, GCSWCD,	Town of Prattsville: GCSWCD led the CWC Stream Program streambank projection project. Engineering services were contracted for this project; design plans and specifications have	CWC Stream Corridor Protection	Completed
Oakwood Pistol Club	CWC	been submitted for permit, and construction completed. Primarily a CWC project with GCSWCD assistance. The project	Grant	2009
Windham Golf Course Streambank Project	NYCDEP, GCSWCD, CWC	provided for the removal of failed sheet piling, armoring of the toe and sloping of the bank, and planting of approximately 155 feet of streambank.	CWC, NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Completed 2009
		Town of Windham- Batavia Kill Tributary: removed mortared stone walls that confined a tributary and restored the stream to a natural shape and meander pattern. Floodplain grading was performed and the site was seeded with wetland and riparian seed mixes. GCSWCD hosted a student planting with three schools to install 1,584 herbaceous plugs, 340 willow stakes, 250 trees and shrubs, and 7 willow fascines. The project was		
Sugar Maples Stream Restoration	NYCDEP, GCSWCD	designed to restore wetland functions and approximately 700 feet of stream that was historically channelized and confined by mortared stone walls.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD, ACOE	Completed 2010
Wright Stream Bank Stabilization/ Riparian Project	NYCDEP, GCSWCD, SCA	A bankfull bench of approximately 1,200 feet was constructed and 3,127 feet of the streambank were re-vegetated. A rock installation was completed by the project contractor, while plantings were installed by GCSWCD staff and SCA service project hosted by GCSWCD.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD, CWC, ACOE	Completed 2010
Wright Stream Bank Stabilization/ Riparian Project Enhancement	NYCDEP, GCSWCD	The previously constructed project was modified and enhanced with additional vegetative treatments in 2011 and monitoring initiated in 2012.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Completed 2011
Vista Ridge Floodplain Restoration	NYCDEP, GCSWCD	This project improved the immediate project area and the aggraded reach upstream, by reducing a backwater condition at the Vista Ridge bridge. The project also enhanced the riparian buffer, reduced the risk of failure of Vista Ridge and Colgate Lake Roads, reduced erosion of silts and clays, and provides for improvement of the habitat value of the reach.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD, ACOE	Completed 2011
Holden Stream Restoration Project	NYCDEP, GCSWCD	Phase 1 of the project was completed in 2011; continued construction was postponed due to Hurricane Irene. Project construction completed in 2012. The project included streambank and channel excavation to achieve stable geometry, installation of in-stream stabilization structures and a variety of bioengineering techniques along 3,500 feet of stream channel. Over 6,000 trees were planted along the restored stream channel.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Completed 2011-2013
Windham Country Club Repairs	NYCDEP, GCSWCD	Windham- Batavia Kill: There were significant damages sustained at the Windham Country Club. Topographic data was collected to support cost, material and labor estimates for implementation of the repair work. GCSWCD provided technical support to the project due to the extensive damage that occurred along the stream corridor.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Completed 2012

East Kill Restoration at Apple Hill	NYCDEP, GCSWCD	Project components included the realignment and resizing of 3,500 feet of channel, the installation of 23 rock structures, and installation of extensive bioengineering treatments and riparian plantings over the 11 acre site. These efforts will improve water quality, reduce risk to humans and property, reduce erosion and excessive sediment loading, restore floodplain function, and improve aquatic and terrestrial habitat.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD, SMIP, ACOE, EWP	Completed 2012
NYS Route 42 West Kill Slope Failure	GCSWCD NYCDEP NRCS	Town of Lexington: The project addressed a large slope failure along a 1,400 foot reach of the West Kill, just downstream of the Pushman Bridge on NYS 42. The project included stream bank and channel excavation, and the installation of in-stream stabilization structures to achieve stable geometry. Practices include rock riffles, random boulder clusters, log boulder revetment and dry rock riprap with willow stakes to establish an armored flood plain bench at the toe of the slope, upper portions of the slope were hydroseeded and staked, and an as-built survey and plans have been prepared.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD, EWP	Completed 2013
Conine Project Repairs	NYCDEP, GCSWCD	Town of Prattsville: The purpose of this work was to repair a project that was damaged during Irene in 2011. The repair project measured approximately 2,200 linear feet in length, with a disturbance area of 11 acres. Extensive earthwork required to restore original grades, and included excavation and placement of over 52K cubic yards of material. The project included the repair and reconstruction of 5 j-hook vane structures, two cross vanes, and a constructed riffle. Biotechnical measures taken included live staking and fascines, seeding native riparian and wetland seed mixes, and developing a 7.1 acre riparian zone.	FEMA NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Completed 2013
Maier Farm Project Repairs	NYCDEP, GCSWCD	Town of Ashland- Batavia Kill: The purpose of the project was to repair a portion of a project constructed in 1999 that sustained damage during Irene in 2011. Damages included streambank erosion, structural damage to rock structures, channel migration and land loss, and excess sedimentation. Earthwork was completed to restore original grades. The reconstruction of two j- hooks and repair of one cross vane provided channel grade control, stream bank stabilization, and habitat enhancement. Bioengineering, including live staking and fascines, along with the establishment of a one acre riparian zone was completed.	FEMA NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Completed 2013
Brandywine Project Repairs	NYCDEP, GCSWCD	Town of Ashland- Batavia Kill: The project addressed damages sustained to the Brandywine restoration site during Irene in 2011.	FEMA NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Completed 2014
Ashland Connector Reach Project Repairs	NYCDEP, GCSWCD	Town of Ashland- Batavia Kill: The project addressed damages sustained to the Ashland Connector Reach during Irene in 2011.	FEMA NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Completed 2014
Long Road Project Repairs	NYCDEP, GCSWCD	Town of Lexington- West Kill: The project addressed damages sustained to the Long Road restoration site during Irene in 2011.	FEMA NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Completed 2014
Lanesville Project Repairs	NYCDEP, GCSWCD	Village of Hunter- Stony Clove: The project addressed damages sustained to the Lanesville restoration site during Irene in 2011.	FEMA NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Completed 2014
Ashland Well Heads Protection Project	NYCDEP, GCSWCD	Town of Ashland- Batavia Kill: The project addressed damages sustained to the Ashland Wells Head restoration site during Irene in 2011.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD, EWP, ESD	Completed 2014
Shoemaker Project Repairs	NYCDEP, GCSWCD	Damages sustained on the Shoemaker Stream Restoration project on the West Kill were repaired in 2014 and 2015.	FEMA, NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Completed 2015
Manor Kill Stream Restoration	SCSWCD, GCSWCD,	A full-channel restoration project was installed adjacent to the Conesville Town Park in order to stabilize eroding streambanks	SMIP, NYCDEP/ GCSWCD,	Completed 2015

	NYCDEP, Conesville	and protect water quality by reducing fine sediment sources along this reach of stream.		
Schoharie Creek		Located along the Schoharie Creek, this project involved restoring 750 linear feet of erosion with clay exposures by grading the bank and stabilizing the toe with rock and	CMID	
Stabilization and Riparian Restoration	GCSWCD,	bioengineering treatments. A 50-100 feet wide riparian buffer was established by planting native tree and shrub species along	SMIP, GCSWCD.	Completed
at Kozak	NYCDEP	1,500 feet of streambank.	NYCDEP	2016
Batavia Kill Restoration at Big Hollow Project Repairs	GCSWCD, NYCDEP, FEMA	Repair of damages sustained on the Big Hollow Stream Restoration project on the Batavia Kill were completed in 2016. Design, permitting and bidding were complete in 2013.	FEMA, NYCDEP/ GCSWCD Schoharie Contract	Completed 2016
			GCSWCD/ NYCDEP Schoharie SMP	
West Kill Restoration at Shoemaker	GCSWCD, NYCDEP	Constructed to mitigate turbidity and excess sediments from clay-rich sources, reduce flood hazard erosion risk and improve ecological integrity.	Contract/ SEMO, FEMA	Completed 2016

STREAM STEWARDSHIP EDUCATION AND OUTREACH					
Action Item	Partners	Description	Funding	Status	
What is turbidity and	GCSWCD/	Workshop held that provided an overview of what	NYCDEP/	Completed	
why is it important?	NYCDEP	turbidity is, and the impact it has on the Schoharie Basin.	GCSWCD	2007	
		Watershed tours provide an opportunity for local officials			
		and interested basin residents to observe best			
		management practices used in stream stewardship and			
		management throughout the watershed. The tours foster		Completed	
	GCSWCD/	and improved understanding of stream protection efforts	NYCDEP/	Annually	
Watershed Tours	NYCDEP	and implementation projects.	GCSWCD	2007-2010	
		Annual event promoting the wise use of our natural	NUCDED		
		resources as they relate to water quality and ecosystem	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD,	Completed	
Batavia Kill Stream	GCSWCD/	functions. Interactive exhibits, educational displays, and activities promoting understanding of the environment	Ashland,	Completed Annually	
Celebration	NYCDEP	engage those of all ages.	CWC	2007-2011	
	NICDEI	Education, built into Summits and Tours, target elected	CWC	2007-2011	
		and appointed officials, planning boards, code		Completed	
	GCSWCD/	enforcement officers, highway department staff, and	NYCDEP/	Annually	
Educational Workshops	NYCDEP	streamside property owners.	GCSWCD	2007-2016	
<b>I</b>		Watershed conferences held to provide local decision			
		makers and officials educational classes and networking			
		opportunities around watershed protection. All eleven		Completed	
	GCSWCD/	communities within the basin are represented by the vast	NYCDEP/	Annually	
Watershed Summits	NYCDEP	and diverse number of attendees.	GCSWCD	2007-2017	
		Although websites require continuous updating, the		Completed	
		www.catskillstreams.org and www.gcswcd.com are		2007,	
	GCSWCD/	established sites that are used to promote project updates	NYCDEP/	2010,	
Websites	NYCDEP	and share information on watershed protection issues.	GCSWCD	2014	
		GCSWCD and WAP secured a Mountaintop project			
	COUNCE	office in Tannersville which is used by various local,			
D OF	GCSWCD	regional, and state committees working on watershed	NYCDEP/	Completed	
Program Office	NYCDEP	protection.	GCSWCD	2008	

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	ĺ	SWAC meets regularly throughout the year, developed		
		program materials to initiate a stream management plan		
		implementation funding application process, and		
	GCSWCD/	identified initial projects for implementation.		
	NYCDEP/	Establishment of local representation and implementation		
Schoharie Watershed	Watershed	of the SMP, with technical agency support, has been	NYCDEP/	Completed
Advisory Committee	Municipalities	accomplished.	GCSWCD	2008
		GCSWCD sponsored three Construction Erosion and		
		Sediment Control Training Courses that were attended by approximately 230 people from the Schoharie basin.		
		Participants included watershed developers, planners,		
		code enforcement officers, regulators and contractors.		
		This course focused on the review of new state		
		construction permit, the requirements of stormwater		
		pollution prevention plans, and the proper installation of		Completed
	GCSWCD	erosion and sediment control practices. This continued	NYCDEP/	Annually
ESC Workshop	NYCDEP	with workshops in 2015 and 2017.	GCSWCD	2008-2017
		Experimental, hands on environmental education and		
Manan Kill		stream monitoring program for youth ages of 13 - 18.		
Manor Kill Environmental Study		Youth members learn specific skills, develop and master abilities in environmental assessments, field research		
Team,Stream		projects and community education activities. Members		Completed
Management	Schoharie River	also participated in a riparian planting along Manor Kill		Annually
Implementation	Center	in 2011.	SMIP	2009-2011
	GCSWCD/	A number of events scheduled to educate and engage		
	NYCDEP/	local community members in watershed programs and		
Schoharie Watershed	Watershed	stewardship activities. Intended to be an annual event,		Completed
Week	Municipalities	but replaced with Schoharie Watershed Month in 2011.	SMIP	2010
		Workshop took place during Schoharie Watershed Week		
	CCE,	in May 2010 and Schoharie Watershed Months in 2011		<b>a</b> 1 1
D.'. D	GCSWCD,	& 2012. Watershed landowners took part in building	GMID	Completed
Rain Barrel Workshop Mountain Top	NYCDEP	their own rain barrels.	SMIP	2010-2012
Arboretum				
Wet Meadow-		A kiosk was installed and brochures were developed to		
Interpretive		describe the wet meadow including the historical		
Kiosk, Brochures, &		background of the historic pump house, an explanation of		
Historic Pump House	Mountain Top	the site's hydrology, and other information about wetland		Completed
Repair	Arboretum	plants and wildlife.	SMIP	2010
	GCSWCD/			
SWAC and Schoharie	NYCDEP/	Logos were developed for the Schoharie Advisory		Completed
Watershed Week Logos	SWAC	Committee and Watershed Week.	SMIP	2010
		Schoharie Watershed Month engages watershed communities and organizations in hands-on activities to		
		learn about the watershed and its resources. Various		
		activities, workshops and family events are organized		
	GCSWCD,	each May by host communities and organizations that		Completed
Schoharie Watershed	NYCDEP,	promote awareness and protection of streams and their		Annually
Months	SWAC	watersheds.	SMIP	2011-2016
		Activities included Trout Unlimited fly fishing		
	GCSWCD,	demonstrations, water quality testing activities with the	Community	
	NYCDEP,	Schoharie River Center, nature hikes, kayak	of W/ II	
	Community of Windham	demonstrations, and a water-focused craft activity. These	Windham Foundation	Completed
CD Lane Family Day	Foundation	activities encourage responsible use of water and nearby land areas. There were approximately 60 participants.	(COWF)	Completed 2011
		and areas. There were approximately 00 participalits.		2011
Identify Existing	CCSWCD	GCSWCD identified and actaloged evicting recovered	NYCDEP/	Completed
Identify Existing Resources	GCSWCD, NYCDEP	GCSWCD identified and cataloged existing resources that are currently available. The website was revamped in	GCSWCD	Completed 2011
RESOULCES	NICDEF	inat are currently available. The website was revailiped in	UCSWCD	2011

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		2011, to provide web-based documentation of existing resources and links to additional resources.		
Mountain Top Arboretum Outdoor Classroom Design	GCSWCD, NYCDEP, Mountain Top Arboretum	An outdoor classroom was designed and constructed at the arboretum. It accommodates approximately 45 people for year-round outdoor programming on a range of ecological and natural history topics relating to the watershed.	SMIP	Completed 2011
Water Quality at Home Workshop	GCSWCD, NYCDEP, CCE	Two action-based educational workshops held during Schoharie Watershed Month to raise awareness about stewardship of water quality. The Holistic Pond Management Workshop provided tools and strategies to address pond problems without the use of chemical treatments. The rain barrel workshop discussed the impacts of stormwater runoff on water quality and taught participants how to build a rain barrel.	SMIP	Completed 2011
EnvironmentalFilm Series	GCSWCD, NYCDEP, SWAC	The film series was held at the Doctorow Center in Hunter during the Schoharie Watershed Month and highlighted watershed issues, pollution mitigation, and watershed, foodshed, and viewshed topics.	SMIP	Completed 2011 & 2012
Septic Workshop for Homeowners	CWC, GCSWCD, NYCDEP	As part of Schoharie Watershed Month, the Catskill Watershed Corporation provided an educational septic workshop for watershed homeowners held at the Windham Waste Water Treatment Plant. A tour of the state of the art treatment plant followed the workshop.	SMIP, CWC	Completed 2013
Earth, Wind & Water: The Seasons Student/Amateur Watershed Art Exhibit	SWM Committee, GCSWCD, NYCDEP	The artwork of local students and amateur artists was on display at the Kaaterskill Fine Arts Gallery in Hunter, NY. The artwork theme was Earth, Wind & Water: The Seasons. An opening reception was held and the exhibit was on display for the month of May.	SMIP	Completed 2013
Windham Path Stream Clean Up	Windham, GCSWCD, NYCDEP, WARF	The Windham Area Recreation Foundation (WARF), in coordination with NYCDEP and GCSWCD, held a Grand Opening of the Windham Path in May 2014. Volunteers who attended also participated in a stream clean-up along the property.	SMIP, WARF	Completed 2013
Greene Infrastructure at Work & Home	CGCCE, GCSWCD	As part of Schoharie Watershed Month, The Columbia- Greene Cornell Cooperative Extension and GCSWCD presented a workshop about green infrastructure. Topics included stormwater impacts, small scale treatment practices and a tour of the Mountain Top Library, and green infrastructure project supported by SMIP.	SMIP, GCSWCD, WAP	Completed 2013
Earth, Wind & Water: The Seasons Student/Amateur Watershed Art Exhibit	SWM Committee, GCSWCD, NYCDEP	The artwork of local students and amateur artists was on display at the Kaaterskill Fine Arts Gallery in Hunter, NY. The artwork theme was Earth, Wind & Water: The Seasons. An opening reception was held and the exhibit was on display for the month of May.	SMIP	Completed 2014
Invasive Species Workshop for Landowners	Catskill Center, SWM Committee, GCSWCD, NYCDEP	The Catskill Center for Conservation and Development provided a workshop about invasive species. This workshop was for small and large landowners in the watershed and was held in Prattsville, NY during Schoharie Watershed Month.	SMIP, Catskill Center	Completed 2014
The City that Drinks the Mountain Sky	SWM Committee, GCSWCD, NYCDEP	The Arm-of-the-Sea Theater, presented <i>The City that Drinks the Mountain Sky</i> , an educational puppet show for the entire family, held in Prattsville, NY as part of Schoharie Watershed Month.	SMIP	Completed 2014

		Liz LoGiudice of Cornell Cooperative Extension		
		provided the Rain Garden Workshop and site visit as part		
	CCE, SWM	of Schoharie Watershed Month. The workshop was		
	Committee,	provided in Tannersville, NY and taught landowners		
	GCSWCD,	about stormwater landscaping that will beautify your		Completed
Rain Garden Workshop	NYCDEP	property.	SMIP	2014
	GCSWCD,	GCSWCD partnered with NYCDEP to provide a tour of	SMIP,	Completed
Gilboa Dam Tour	NYCDEP	the Gilboa Dam as part of Schoharie Watershed Month.	NYCDEP	2014
	Mrs. Puddle			
	Duck's,	As part of Schoharie Watershed Month, the Catskill		
	GCSWCD,	Center for Conservation & Development and the Hunter	SMIP,	
	Catskill Center,	Foundation supported a water workshop targeting	Catskill	
	Hunter	preschoolers and their families. To workshop provided	Center,	
	Foundation,	an opportunity for participants to discover what is in our	Hunter	Completed
Water Workshop	NYCDEP	stream and why it is important to protect them.	Foundation	2014
		As part of Schoharie Watershed Month, Windham Day		
		on the Batavia Kill was held at the Windham Path		
		property. Attendees had the opportunity to participate in		
	SWM	the COWF Pat Meehan Memorial Scholarship Walk,		
	Committee,	plant identification walks, and learned about local		
Windham Day of the	GCSWCD,	organizations that promote outdoor and community	SMIP,	Completed
Batavia Kill	NYCDEP	resources.	COWF	2014
		During Schoharie Watershed Month, the Gilboa Ancient		
	SWM	Forest lecture was presented by Kristen Wyckoff of the		
	Committee,	Gilboa Historical Society (GHS). Participants learned		
The Gilboa Ancient	GCSWCD,	about the oldest known forest on earth and saw fossilized		Completed
Forest	NYCDEP	tree trunks.	SMIP	2014
		As part of Schoharie Watershed Month, Gerry Stoner and		
	SWM	Diane Galusha, area historians, presented a Guided Bus		
	Committee,	Tour of the Schoharie Reservoir. Participants took a		
Guided Bus Tour of the	GCSWCD,	scenic tour around the reservoir and explored this history		Completed
Schoharie Reservoir	NYCDEP	of the former valley and the creation of the Gilboa Dam.	SMIP	2014
		The artwork of local students and amateur artists was on		
	SWM	display at the Kaaterskill Fine Arts Gallery in Hunter,		
The Stream of Life	Committee,	NY. The artwork theme was The Stream of Life. An		
Student/Amateur	GCSWCD,	opening reception was held and the exhibit was on		Completed
Watershed Art Exhibit	NYCDEP	display for the month of May.	SMIP	2015
	SWM	During Schoharie Watershed Month, a trout release and		
	Committee,	macroinvertebrate study were held at Dolan's Park in		
	GCSWCD,	Hunter, NY. Participants also have the opportunity to		Completed
Trout Release	NYCDEP	learn about flycasting and tying.	SMIP	2015
		As part of Schoharie Watershed Month, Trout Unlimited		
	TU, SWM	supported the workshop, <i>Changing Trout Habitat in the</i>		
	Committee,	Upper Schoharie Creek. Walt Keller, a fisheries		
	GCSWCD,	biologist, and a panel of speakers explored the factors		
Changing Trout Habitat	NYCDEP,	that influence stream health and fish populations. The		
in the Upper Schoharie	Platte Clove	workshop was held at the Platte Clove Neighborhood		Completed
Creek	Community	Center in Hunter, NY.	SMIP/CSBI	2015
	SWM			
	Committee,			
	GCSWCD,			
	NYCDEP,			
	Catskill	Catskill Outback Adventures led a guided paddle on the		a
Guided Paddle on the	Outback	Schoharie Reservoir beginning at Snyder's Cove. This		Completed
Schoharie Reservoir	Adventures	trip was part of Schoharie Watershed Month.	SMIP	2015

1	1	As part of Schoharie Watershed Month, an Aquatic	1	1
	SWM	Invertebrates workshop was held in the Village of		
	Committee,	Hunter, NY. This after school program taught students		
Aquatic Invertebrates	GCSWCD,	about dragonflies, damselflies, and other aquatic insects		Completed
Workshop for Children	NYCDEP	and animals that play important roles in the watershed.	SMIP	2015
•	SWM			
	Committee,	Peter Manning led a 7-mile interpretive watershed hike		
Interpretive Watershed	GCSWCD,	of Bearpen Mountain as part of Schoharie Watershed		Completed
Hike, Bearpen Mountain	NYCDEP	Month.	SMIP	2015
· · · · ·		The Schoharie Basin and It's Ice Age History was		
		presented by Bob and Johanna Titus. They told the story		
	SWM	of how glaciers shaped the Schoharie Basin and created		
	Committee,	its most scenic views. This lecture was held at the		
The Schoharie Basin and	GCSWCD,	Mountaintop Historical Society in Haines Falls, NY as		Completed
It's Ice Age History	NYCDEP	part of Schoharie Watershed Month.	SMIP	2015
		A series of four educational workshops for children in		
		the Town of Lexington. The proposed workshops will		
		teach local children, using hands-on experiences, about		
Town of Lexington		the insects and animals that play important roles in the		
Watershed Awareness	Town of	watershed, and the role that streams play in the		Completed
Workshops	Lexington	environment.	SMIP	2015
		Students from schools around the mountaintop displayed		
		their films, sculptures, photographs, and other artwork		
		for the "Now Streaming: Life in the Schoharie" art show.		
		Exhibit ran through the month of May. This exhibit was		
Opening Student/	NYCDEP/	on display at the Doctorow Center for the Arts during		Completed
Amateur Art Exhibit	GCSWCD	Schoharie Watershed Month.	SMIP	2016
		"A true story about life, death, science, and streams."		
		This documentary follows the life and work of Japanese		
		ecologist, Dr. Shigeru Nakano. The documentary was		
"RiverWebs" Film	NYCDEP/	shown at the Mountain Top Library as part of Schoharie		Completed
Showing	GCSWCD	Watershed Month.	SMIP	2016
		The NYC Department of Environmental Protection		
		(NYCDEP) and the Greene County Soil & Water		
		Conservation District (GCSWCD) organized a tree		
		planting on Windham's Batavia Kill (at South Street) on		
Divertisoner Sween	NVCDED/	Saturday, May 7, 2016 for the 5 <sup>th</sup> Annual Riverkeeper		Completed
Riverkeeper Sweep: Windham Tree Planting	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Sweep, a day of service for the Hudson River. This	SMIP	Completed 2016
windham free Flanding	UCSWCD	event was part of Schoharie Watershed Month. Gerry Stoner, of the Gilboa Historical Society, led a	SMIF	2010
		guided bus tour of the Schoharie Reservoir as part of		
		Schoharie Watershed Month. Participants learned about		
		the history of the reservoir, the building of the Gilboa		
Schoharie Reservoir Bus	NYCDEP/	Dam, the Gilboa fossils, and more! All participants		Completed
Tour	GCSWCD	received a 50-page tour booklet as a keepsake.	SMIP	2016
1001	Gebireb	A series of three lectures was provided during Schoharie	<u> Jiiii</u>	2010
		Watershed Month at the Platte Clove Neighborhood		
		Center. "Our Rivers on Drugs". AJ Reisinger, a		
		freshwater ecologist at the Cary Institute of Ecosystem		
		Studies, discussed how pharmaceuticals and personal		
		care products are polluting rivers and streams – and the		
		consequences for aquatic life and drinking water		
		supplies. "Guide to Creating a Natural Resources		
		Inventory (NRI)" Ingrid Haeckel, from NYS		
		Department of Environmental Conservation, spoke about		
	NYCDEP/	the benefits of natural areas and the importance of		
	GCSWCD/	community consideration of local land and water		
Local Stewardship	NYSDEC/	resources to better guide land-use decisions.		Completed
Lectures	NYTU/ CIES	"Microbeads Affecting Lake, Tributaries, and Your"	SMIP	2016

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		Ron Urban, from NY Trout Unlimited, spoke about the		
		potential environmental damage, and health		
		consequences for fish and aquatic organisms due to		
		microbeads found in waterways.		
		Following the Local Stewardship Lectures held at the		
		Platte Clove Neighborhood Center, a Kids Program was		
		held during Schoharie Watershed Month. Kids joined		
		storyteller Jill Olesker for story time, participated in a		
Kids Program, following	NYCDEP/	citizen science paint and sketch with local artists, and got		Completed
Stewardship Lectures	GCSWCD	creative with fairy house fun.	SMIP	2016
		Mike Kudish, Catskills forest historian and author,		
		discussed the history of hemlocks and their significance		
		to the Schoharie Watershed. Dan Snider, Field Projects		
		Manager at CRISP, discussed the hemlock woolly		
		adelgid (HWA), a tiny forest pest that is currently		
		threatening hemlock populations. Participants learned		
		how to identify HWA and what to do if they find HWA		
		on their property. All participants received a		
		complementary hemlock tree seedling to take home for		
Hemlocks through	NYCDEP/	planting. This program was presented during Schoharie		Completed
History	GCSWCD	Watershed Month.	SMIP	2016
		This circus is and allegorical tale featuring gorgeous		
		masks and puppet characters, a bio-morphic set design		
		and live original music. The story follows Malakai, the		
		River messenger and water carrier who travels between		
		Mountain Peaks and the Deep Blue Sea. Along his		
		journeys Malakai encounter animals that offer insights		
Arm-of-the Sea's		into their particular role in a watershed's ecosystem		
"Rejuvenary River	NYCDEP/	services. This performance was held at the Red Barn		
Circus" Theater	GCSWCD/	across from the Doctorow Center for the Arts as part of	SMIP/	Completed
Performance	CWC	Schoharie Watershed Month.	CWC	2016

### LOCAL FLOOD ANALYSIS AND FLOODPLAIN ASSESSMENT

Action Item	Partners	Description	Funding	Status
		The primary focus of the analysis was to identify the potential		
		for reducing flood elevations through channel and floodplain		
	Town of	restoration, as the first alternative to other hazard mitigation		
	Prattsville,	solutions and to evaluate both the technical effectiveness and the		
	GCSWCD,	benefit/cost effectiveness of each solution, and compare		
Prattsville Local	NYCDEP,	different solutions to each other for the most practical,	NYCDEP/	Completed
Flood Analysis	NYSDOT	sustainable outcome.	GCSWCD	2013
	Town of	The Flood Mitigation Analysis provided baseline hydraulic		
	Windham,	modeling, evaluated the mitigation alternatives, and a Flood		
	GCSWCD,	Engineering Analysis Report. The work completed through the		
Windham Local Flood	NYRCRP,	local flood analysis supported the efforts that were underway	SMIP,	Completed
Analysis	NYCDEP	through the NY Rising Community Reconstruction Program.	NYRCRP	2015
		In 2014, the Town of Lexington began a Local Flood Analysis		
	GCSWCD,	(LFA) to determine the causes of flooding, investigate and		
	NYCDEP,	analyze the overall potential of specific projects, and projects in		
Lexington Local	Town of	combination, in an attempt to mitigate flood damages and		Completed
Flood Analysis	Lexington	hazards. The analysis and the LFA report is complete.	SMIP	2016

FLOODPLAIN MA	FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT COORDINATION, EDUCATION AND OUTREACH				
Action Item	Partners	Description	Funding	Status	
2008 FEMA Flood					
Maps: What	GCSWCD,				
Every Planner	NYCDEP,	Information regarding FEMA's Flood Maps, geared towards	NYCDEP/	Completed	
Needs to Know	FEMA	planners.	GCSWCD	2008	
		The Greene County Planning Department, GCSWCD, and NYCDEP interviewed potential subcontractors and awarded the development of the hazard mitigation plan to Tetra Tech,			
Greene County All	GCSWCD,	Inc. Tetra Tech worked with various municipalities and			
Hazards Mitigation	NYCDEP,	partners to gather input for the plan, which was completed in	NYCDEP/	Completed	
Plan	GCPD	2009.	GCSWCD	2009	
National Flood	GCSWCD,				
Insurance Program:	NYCDEP,	NYSDEC, course focused on flood insurance maps and	NYCDEP/	Completed	
Intermediate Course	NYSDEC	elevation certificates; DOS accredited course.	GCSWCD	2009	
	GCSWCD,			Completed	
National Flood	NYCDEP,		NYCDEP/	2009 &	
Insurance Program	NYSDEC	Introductory course on floodplain management NYSDEC.	GCSWCD	2010	
	GCSWCD,				
What to do After	NYCDEP,	Floodplain administrators' and community officials' guide to		Completed	
the Flood	NYSDEC	surviving a flood, NYSDEC.	SMIP	2011	
		Flooding and damage caused by Tropical Storms Irene and			
		Lee led to emergency stream work training. Training content			
	GCSWCD,	developed by contributors from DEP, UCSWCD, GCSWCD,			
	NYCDEP,	CCE Ulster, Trout Unlimited, and Shandaken Highway Dept.			
	UCSWCD,	One session was presented by Ulster County and two sessions			
Post Flood	UCCCE, TU,	were presented in Greene County. Over 200 attendees were	NYCDEP/		
Emergency Stream	Shandaken	trained in basic consideration that should be addressed when	GCSWCD,	Completed	
Work Training	Highway Dept.	planning an emergency intervention in a stream system.	UCSWCD	2012	
Work Huming	Ingilway Dept.	The training, held in Ulster, Greene, and Dutchess counties,	CCDWCD	2012	
	GCSWCD,	was tailored to local highway departments, excavation			
	UCCCE,	contractors, and others involved in stabilizing streams	NYCDEP,		
Post Flood Stream	NRCS,	following flood events. The training focused on the basics of	GCSWCD,	Completed	
Intervention	NYCDEP,	stream process and the limits of what should be targeted for	UCSWCD,	2012 &	
Training	UCSWCD, TU	repair in the immediate days follow destructive flooding.	UCCCE	2012 æ 2013	
Training	UCSWCD, IU		ULLLE	2015	
		The Town of Conesville assisted a landowner by acquiring a			
		floodplain parcel approved for FEMA Pre-Disaster Mitigation			
		funding (75%) and demolishing and removing the home. The			
17.11	CONVOD	SMIP grant was used to assist the Town in meeting the	NUCDED		
Manor Kill	GCSWCD,	required 25% match. The project, which involved demolition	NYCDEP/	G 1.1	
Acquisition (Town	NYCDEP,	and site restoration, was completed with demolition and site	GCSWCD,	Completed	
of Conesville)	SCSWCD	restoration occurring in June, 2013.	FEMA	2013	
All Hazards	GCSWCD,	The Greene County Planning Department, GCSWCD, and			
Mitigation Plan	NYCDEP,	NYCDEP and other stakeholder organizations updated the	NYCDEP/	Completed	
Updates	GCPD	existing All Hazards Mitigation Plan.	GCSWCD	2015	
- r	NYCDEP,	The GCSWCD facilitated a FEMA flood buyout program for	2221100		
	GCSWCD,	23 eligible landowners in 8 Greene County towns following			
	SEMO, FEMA,	Hurricane Irene in 2011. NYCDEP participated in the			
	Watershed	program by covering the 25% non-federal match for watershed			
Horard Mitigation	Municipalities, GC Economic	properties that are not eligible for state assistance. Deed			
Hazard Mitigation		restriction and conservation easement for watershed properties			
Grant Program	Development,	are issued to maintain the property in perpetuity as open	FEMA,	0	
Flood Buyout	Tourism &	floodplain space, therefore eliminating future flood damage to	SEMO,	Completed	
Program	Planning,	the parcel.	NYCDEP	2016	

· · · · · ·		ND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT		<i>a</i>
Action Item	Partners	Description	Funding	Status
	~~~~~	GCSWCD provided seeding assistance in the Towns of Hunter,		
	GCSWCD,	Ashland, Tannersville, Jewett, and Lexington in 2007; the		
	NYCDEP,	Towns of Windham, Ashland, Jewett, and Hunter in 2008; the		
	Schoharie	Towns of Windham, Hunter, Ashland, Hunter, and Lexington		Completed
	Basin	in 2009; the Towns of Lexington, Windham, Tannersville and	NYCDEP/	Annually
Critical Area Seeding	Municipalities	Hunter in 2010.	GCSWCD	2007-2015
		Town of Lexington: GCSWCD/NYCDEP worked with Greene		
		County Highway Department to upgrade a significantly		
		undersized culvert that was the source of repetitive flooding in		
		the Hamlet of Lexington. The project had excellent community		
	GCSWCD,	and landowner support and demonstrated floodplain drainage		
County Route 13A	NYCDEP,	concepts, proper conveyance sizing to allow fish migration and	NYCDEP/	Completed
Culvert Upgrade	Lexington	a riparian buffer component.	GCSWCD	2007
18	GCSWCD,	Provided Operation and Maintenance Plan and implemented		
	NYCDEP,	stormwater maintenance and cleaning of the stormwater		
	Hunter	controls at the Hunter Highway Garage. Annual maintenance in	NYCDEP/	
	Highway	2008 captured 6.3 tons (3.6 cubic yards) of sand and salt from	GCSWCD,	Completed
Hunter Highway	Department	entering the downstream Schoharie Creek.	CWC	2008
Trunter Trighway	GCSWCD,	Provided technical assistance including hydrology and	CWC	2000
	NYCDEP,	hydraulic assessment to better size culvert for Greene County	NYCDEP/	Completed
Undroulia Analysia	GCHD		GCSWCD	
Hydraulic Analysis	OCHD	Highway Department.	GCSWCD	2008
		Permit specifications were obtained from the Greene County		
		Highway Department and given to the Highway Subcommittee		
		in December 2009 in order to provide watershed communities		
		with a model to consider when issuing permits. Each		
	GCSWCD,	community will follow up based on their level of comfort.		
Driveway/Curb Cut	NYCDEP,	Some communities do not use driveway regulations, preferring	NYCDEP/	Completed
Specifications	GCHD	to assess on sight and guide landowners.	GCSWCD	2009
		Upon further review with local and county highway		
		departments, cost sharing for road abrasive was determined to		
Road Abrasives		be unfeasible due to limited funding available to support		Completee
Program	GCSWCD	offsetting costs over time.		2009
C		GCSWCD has initiated a series of projects to help develop		
		Community Stormwater Management Plans for town and		
	GCSWCD,	villages in the Schoharie Basin. GCSWCD has detailed		
	NYCDEP,	information on stormwater structures, for the towns of Ashland		
	Schoharie	and Prattsville, in GIS format. Community Stormwater		
Community	Basin	Management Plans for Tannersville, Hunter, and Windham	NYCDEP/	Complete
Stormwater Planning	Municipalities	have been obtained.	GCSWCD	2009
Stormwater Flamming	Municipanties	Following discussions between GCSWCD and Hunter	GCDWCD	2007
	GCSWCD,	Mountain, it was determined that Hunter Mountain had already		
Hunter Mountain:	NYCDEP,	received funding through the CWC Stormwater Program and		Complete
Village of Hunter	Hunter, CWC	completed stormwater retrofits for their parking areas.	CWC	2009
vinage of Hunter	Huller, CWC	* *	CWC	2009
		GCSWCD installed stormwater treatments to serve		
		approximately 4.7 acres of relatively high density commercial		
		buildings and residential homes in the hamlet of Maplecrest, in		
		the town of Windham. The components were initiated with an		
		upgraded conveyance system and demolition of a single		
		building to reduce impervious surfaces and allow for pervious	NYCDEP/	
		grass parking area. Rain gardens (7), wetland (treats 4.7 acres	GCSWCD,	
Sugar Maples	GCSWCD,	of runoff), porous walkways and riparian planting beds were	ACOE,	Complete
Stormwater Project	NYCDEP	installed.	CWC	2010

		GCSWCD worked with Mountain Top Library Capital		
		Campaign on a stormwater retrofit project. This project was		
	GCSWCD,	initiated in conjunction with the rehabilitation of a building that		
Mountain Top	NYCDEP,	will be used as the Mountain Top Library and Learning Center.	SMIP,	
Library & Learning	Mountain Top	Innovative methods were used to meet water quality treatment	ACOE,	Completed
Center	Library	standards for runoff from roofs and parking.	CWC	2011
		GCSWCD worked with Windham Mountain Ski Center to		
		evaluate, assess, design and install stormwater management		
	GCSWCD	practices. An on-site pond was converted to a stormwater	GCSWCD	
	CWC	facility; the pond was expanded and improvements were	CWC	
	ACOE-	installed in order to route 27 acres of drainage area into the	ACOE-	Completed
Windham Mountain	WRDA	pond.	WRDA	2011
	GCSWCD,	The Village of Tannersville requested assistance on sizing a		
	NYCDEP,	culvert under Spring Street. GCSWCD inspected the existing		
Village of	Village of	culverts under the road and provided the village with a variety		
Tannersville Highway	Tannersville	of culvert sizing options which would increase the flow		~
Dept. Technical	Highway	capacity of the culvert system. The information was forwarded	NYCDEP/	Completed
Assistance	Department	to the Village of Hunter Highway Department in March 2011.	GCSWCD	2011
		The culvert under B.G. Partridge Road, in the Town of		
		Ashland, was undersized which contributed to roadway		
		flooding during high flows. The culvert was also perched,		
		which presented a barrier for fish passage. GCSWCD worked		
	GCSWCD,	with the Town of Ashland Highway Department to design a		
	NYCDEP,	properly sized culvert and oversee the installation of this culvert. A grant was approved by SWAC/SMIP to offset the		
	Ashland	costs of upgrading the culvert to a larger size. Design,	NYCDEP/	
Partridge Road	Highway	permitting and construction were completed in the summer of	GCSWCD,	Completed
Culvert Replacement	Department	2011.	SMIP	2011
Curvent Replacement	GCHD,	2011.	SMIP,	2011
Mitchell Hollow	GCHD, GCSWCD,	Installed water quality treatment components associated with	NYCDEP/	
Road (CR 21)	NYCDEP,	370' of stormwater sewer with catch basins along Mitchell	GCSWCD	Completed
Stormwater Sewer	Town of	Hollow Road. Project mitigates stormwater flooding in area	SMP	2011
Upgrade	Windham	along NYS Route 23. Project completed without SMIP funds.	Contract	
	vv manam	The existing culvert under Griffin Road in the Town of Jewett	Contract	
		was undersized and washed out during the flooding caused by		
		Hurricane Irene. GCSWCD and Delaware Engineering		
		provided design plans, permits, specifications and contract		
		documents for bidding, funding, construction management and		
		administration for the culvert replacement. The new culvert		
		was designed to withstand the 100-year runoff event and		
		included a habitat friendly three sided precast concrete		
	GCSWCD,	structure with wing walls at the inlet and outlet. Road	FEMA	
Griffin Road Culvert	NYCDEP,	improvements and stream enhancements, including an	NYCDEP/	Completed
Replacement	Jewett	upstream cross vane, were installed.	GCSWCD	2012
		This project included stabilization of the slope failure along		
		County Route 6 and the West Kill in Lexington. Practices		
		installed included the use of rock riffles and sheet piling to	GCSWCD	
		elevate stream profile adjacent to the slope failure, to help	GC	
	GCSWCD	buttress the failing slope and to provide grade control. The	Highway	
	GC Highway	installation of rock revetment to protect the toe of the slope	Dept.	
	Dept.	from erosion and stormwater drainage in the area of the failure	NYCDEP	
County Route 6 Slope	NYCDEP	to help maintain moisture levels in the soil profile was	NRCS	Completed
Failure	NRCS EWP	completed.	EWP, ESD	2014
		The GCSWCD worked with the Hunter Foundation to design		
		and implement a demonstration project integrating stormwater		
	GCSWCD,	management in an area with limited space. Innovative methods		
	NYCDEP,	including, porous gravel parking, bioswales and rain gardens,		a
	Hunter	were used to meet water quality treatment standards for runoff		Completed
Hunter Foundation	Foundation	from roofs and parking.	SMIP	2014

		The GCSWCD worked with the Village of Hunter Highway		
	Village of	Department to design and properly size the culvert under Glen		
	Hunter	Avenue near the entrance of Camp Loyaltown. Design of this		
	Highway	project was partially funded by the Schoharie Watershed		
	Department,	Stream Crossing/Culvert Design SMIP funding. Installation	SMIP,	
Glen Avenue Culvert	GCSWCD,	was completed in 2015 with a buried bottom for improved	ESD,	Completed
Upgrade	NYCDEP	habitat. Supplemental plantings were installed in 2016.	FEMA	2016
		The GCSWCD worked with the Town of Hunter Highway		
		Department to design, properly size and oversee the installation		
	Town of	of this culvert. Design of this project was partially funded by		
	Hunter	the Schoharie Watershed Stream Crossing/Culvert Design		
	Highway	SMIP funding. The upgrade culvert was installed in 2016 and		
	Department,	will be able to convey 100-year storm flows, reduce negative	SMIP,	
Cranberry Road	GCSWCD.	impacts to water quality and improve aquatic habitat and fish	ESD,	Completed
Culvert Upgrade	NYCDEP	passage.	FEMA	2016
	SC	This project replaced a culvert that conveys stream flow from		
	Department	an unnamed tributary to the Schoharie Reservoir under South	SMIP,	
	of Public	Gilboa Road. The SCSWCD worked with the Schoharie	SCDPW,	
	Works,	County Department of Public Works, NYCDEP and Milone	NYCDEP/	
South Gilboa Road	SCSWCD,	and MacBroom to design and install a culvert that will provide	GCSWCD	
Stormwater	GCSWCD,	for the appropriate alignment and structure to convey flow and	Schoharie	Completed
Mitigation Project	NYCDEP	reduce turbid discharges directly to the reservoir.	Contract	2016
		GCSWCD continued to partner with municipal highway		
	GCSWCD,	departments within the watershed to provide critical area		
	NYCDEP,	seeding for roadside ditches and slopes using the district's		
	Schoharie	hydroseeder and power mulcher. GCSWCD provided seeding		
	Basin	assistance in the Towns of Hunter, Ashland, Jewett, and	NYCDEP/	Completed
Critical Area Seeding	Municipalities	Windham in 2016.	GCSWCD	2016

#### OUTREACH AND TECHNICAL SUPPORT TO HIGHWAY DEPARTMENTS, STORMWATER MANAGERS, AND CONTRACTORS

Action Item	Partners	Description	Funding	Status
Impacts from Road Ditch Erosion	GCSWCD/ NYCDEP	Results of a field study on the impact of road ditch instability on erosion and sedimentation.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Completed 2007
DEP and DEC Stormwater Regulations and Updates	GCSWCD/ NYSDEC/ NYCDEP	Presentation of NYSDEC and NYCDEP stormwater regulations.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD, CWC	Completed Annually 2008-2010
Roadside Ditch Maintenance Workshop	GCSWCD, NYCDEP	NYSDOT, Greene County Highway and most Greene County municipalities in the Schoharie Watershed attended the workshop which covered 1) Impacts from roadside ditches on water quality and municipal budgets, 2) General ditch maintenance and importance of proper erosion control, 3) Distinctions with topography, soils, slopes, and drainage, 4) Cost factors, different applications and lifespan, and 5) Selective ditching, how to prioritize to save money and minimize water quality impacts.	SMIP	Completed 2011
		Program to encourage greater use of critical area seeding equipment that the GCSWCD has available for	Sivili	2011
Mountain Top Highway Ditch Re-vegetation Program	GCSWCD	highway departments by offsetting the cost of seed and mulch. In 2011, GCSWCD worked with highway departments, seeding 3 miles of roadway ditches.	SMIP	Completed Annually 2011-2015

2017-2019
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NYS DEC endorsed Erosion and Sediment Control Required Construction Activity Training	NYSDEC, NYCDEP, GCSWCD	This training targeted contractors, engineers, local government and watershed residents and provided knowledge about why stormwater is a concern and information on the new GP-0-15-002 permit. The training also informed participants about the requirements of stormwater pollution prevention plans (SWPPP). Participants learned about erosion and sediment control practices and how to perform site inspections, and how to obtain technical assistance on erosion and sediment control problems.	NYCDEP, GCSWCD	Completed 2015 and 2017
Schoharie Watershed Stream Crossing Workshop	GCSWCD, GCHD, NYCDEP, NYSDOT, Local Highway Departments	Developed, designed and implemented a culvert workshop for local highway departments that highlighted the importance of proper design and installation of culverts for sediment transport, fish passage, and incorporates principles using natural channel design for long-term stability, protection of water quality and health of streams.	SMIP	Completed 2016

CATSKILL STREAMS BUFFER INITIATIVE				
Project Title	Partners	Description	Funding	Status
	GCSWCD,	Town of Jewett- East Kill: planted 124 trees and shrubs, hydroseeded and interplanted the riprap at the Greene County	GCSWCD,	Completed
Shadow Mountain	NYCDEP	Highway Dept. bridge replacement in Jewett over the East Kill.	NYCDEP	2007
Riparian Buffer Implementation	GCSWCD,	A protocol for identifying potential planting sites based upon stream management planning researched was evaluated. Also, GCSWCD approached five of the identified parcel owners and moved forward	GCSWCD,	Completed
pilot	NYCDEP	with the Carr Road riparian restoration project.	NYCDEP	2007
	GCSWCD,	Town of Jewett- Schoharie Creek: The project had three components including, stem injection treatment of Japanese knotweed to prepare location for re-vegetation with native species, planting of a 100 foot wide buffer along the streambank, and enhancing the existing buffer on the immediate streambank by	GCSWCD, NYCDEP,	Completed
Carr Road Project	NYCDEP	tapering the bank and planting willow tublings and stakes.	ACOE	2007-2009
		In 2007-2008, the Catskill Streams Buffer Initiative (CSBI) was developed to educate and assist streamside landowners in order to provide for improved stewardship of riparian areas. GCSWCD &		
Riparian Program	GCSWCD,	NYCDEP established guidelines, policies and protocols for the	GCSWCD,	Completed
Development	NYCDEP	implementation of the program.	NYCDEP	2008
Plant Materials Program	GCSWCD, NYCDEP	This program supported enhancement and utilization of GCSWCD's own nursery at the Plant Materials Center, to supply plant material for various planting and seeding projects. The native seed program was initiated in 2008; A relationship with Greenbelt Center, in Staten Island, was established.	GCSWCD, NYCDEP	Completed 2007-2016
Sugar Maples Riparian Buffer Project	GCSWCD, NYCDEP	Town of Windham- Batavia Kill: Treated invasive Japanese knotweed and then planted approximately 800 feet of riparian vegetation.	ACOE (WRDA)	Completed 2008
Vegetation	GCSWCD,	Batavia Kill, West Kill, Schoharie Creek, and Manor Kill: Root Production Method (RPM) trees were planted at Big Hollow, Brandywine, and Ashland Connector Reach project sites. A certified herbicide applicator treated Japanese knotweed at Big Hollow, Carr Rd., Schoharie Ave. and Long Rd. project sites. DEP conducted monitoring of vegetative techniques on a majority of these projects. Vegetation enhanced projects in the developed with Greene County Highway, FEMA, at the County Route 13 culvert project, and a volunteer planting in Manor Kill behind the	GCSWCD,	Completed
Enhancements	NYCDEP	Conesville town hall.	NYCDEP	2008

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	acautop	SCSWCD has a 5 year landowner agreement for this property.		
	SCSWCD	Riparian Corridor Management Plan is complete. 292 trees, 50		
Manor Kill Gentile	GCSWCD	willow stakes, and 500 sedge plugs were installed in November	GGDI	Completed
Property Planting	NYCDEP	2009. 100 additional willow stakes were installed spring 2010.	CSBI	2010
TT D	GGGWGD	This property is adjacent to Torsiello, where stream channel was		
Hegner Property	GCSWCD,	repaired by the town highway department. GCSWCD has a 5 year		Completed
Planting	NYCDEP	landowner agreement for this property.	CSBI	2011
		Flooding, due to Tropical Storm Irene, caused woody debris jam on		
		property. Stream channel was repaired by town highway		
Torsiello	GCSWCD,	department. GCSWCD has a 5 year landowner agreement for this		Completed
PropertyPlanting	NYCDEP	property. CSBI installed 275 trees and shrubs.	CSBI	2011
		GCSWCD has a 5 year landowner agreement for this property.		
Cervini Property	GCSWCD,	Riparian Corridor Management Plan is complete and 275 trees and		Completed
Planting	NYCDEP	shrubs were installed.	CSBI	2011
		GCSWCD has a 10 year landowner agreement for this property.		
		Riparian Corridor Management Plan is complete. Project involved		
Kelly Property	GCSWCD,	installation of 94 trees and shrubs along 250 feet to create a 25 foot		Completed
Planting	NYCDEP	riparian buffer in the spring of 2011.	CSBI	2011
0		GCSWCD has a 5 year landowner agreement for this property.		
		Riparian Corridor Management Plan is complete. Project involved		
		installation of 793 trees and shrubs with 15 high school students		
Slutzky Property	GCSWCD,	from Gilboa-Conesville CSD. Planting area was 950 feet long and		Completed
Planting	NYCDEP	50 feet wide.	CSBI	2011
1 minung	1110221	GCSWCD has a 5 year landowner agreement for this property.	0.021	2011
		Riparian Corridor Management Plan is complete. GCSWCD		
		installed 506 trees and shrubs, 500 willow stakes, and 50 lbs. in two		
Rivera Property	GCSWCD,	areas along the East Kill. Most trees were lost to post-flood		Completed
Planting	NYCDEP	management activities in the fall of 2011.	CSBI	2011
Thanting	NICDLI	GCSWCD has a 5 year landowner agreement for this property.	CSDI	2011
		Riparian Corridor Management Plan is complete. Installed 432 trees		
		and shrubs with 20 BYC students in a planting area of 700 feet long		
Pardfield Property	GCSWCD,	and 35 feet wide. Many of the trees were lost to post-flood		Completed
Bardfield Property	NYCDEP		CSBI	2011
Planting	NICDEP	management activities in fall of 2011.	CSDI	2011
		GCSWCD has a 5 year landowner agreement for this property. The		
		Riparian Corridor Management Plan is complete. A subcontractor		
		was hired to grade 300 feet of streambank along the West Kill prior		
	CONVOD	to the planting and then 225 trees and shrubs, 200 willow stakes and		
Cole Property	GCSWCD,	300 feet of fascines were installed along 350 feet of the right	CODI	Completed
Planting	NYCDEP	streambank.	CSBI	2012
		Riparian planting project on the Manor Kill in Conesville. A		
Manor Kill	SCSWCD,	Riparian Corridor Management Plan has been completed for this		
Colangelo Riparian	GCSWCD,	property. In 2009, 354 trees were planted, 150 willow stakes and	CSBI	Completed
Planting	NYCDEP	500 sedge plugs were installed along 546 feet of stream. In 2010,	0.521	2012
T functing	I I CD LI	340 additional trees and 200 stakes were installed. In 2012, potted		
		stock was planted along 900 feet of the left streambank.		
		GCSWCD has a 5 year landowner agreement for this property.		
		Riparian Corridor Management Plan is complete and 300 willow		
		stakes were installed along 200 feet of streambank, 94 native trees		
Mayo Property	GCSWCD,	and shrubs were installed, and 0.23 acres of streamside habitat was		Completed
Planting	NYCDEP	seeded.	CSBI	2013
		GCSWCD has a 5 year landowner agreement for this property.		
Enochty Property	GCSWCD,	GCSWCD installed 30 willow stakes and 25 native trees and shrubs		Completed
Planting	NYCDEP	along 100 feet of stream in the fall of 2013.	CSBI	2013
<i>U</i>		GCSWCD has a 5 year landowner agreement for this property.		1
Donnelly Riparian	GCSWCD,	GCSWCD installed 125 willow stakes and 117 native trees and		Completed
Project	NYCDEP	shrubs along 250 feet of stream in the fall of 2013.	CSBI	2013
110,000		sinces along 250 reet of sucari in the ran of 2015.	CODI	2013

		CCCWCD has a 5 mere landown a ground for this mere at	<u>1</u>	I
Willie Dimension	CCSWCD	GCSWCD has a 5 year landowner agreement for this property.		Completed
Wilkie Riparian	GCSWCD, NYCDEP	GCSWCD installed 75 willow stakes and 15 native trees and shrubs	CODI	Completed
Project	NICDEP	along 150 feet of stream in the fall of 2013.	CSBI	2013
Dodson/McCloskey	CCCWCD	GCSWCD re-installed a 100 foot wide riparian buffer along 300		Complete 1
Property Planting	GCSWCD,	feet of stream including, 250 native trees and shrubs and 250 willow	CODI	Completed
Phase 2	NYCDEP	stakes in the fall of 2013.	CSBI	2013
Manor Kill	GGGWGD	GCSWCD has a 5 year landowner agreement for this property and		
Dahlberg	GCSWCD,	installed 50 native trees and shrubs and willow stakes along 150 feet	GGDI	Completed
PropertyPlanting	NYCDEP	of stream in 2014.	CSBI	2014
		Riparian planting project at multiple locations along tributaries of		
		the Batavia Kill and the Windham Path. GCSWCD completed a		
		Riparian Corridor Management Plan and has obtained a landowner		
		agreement for this property. GCSWCD hosted a volunteer planting		
		in 2013, installing 1,028 native trees and shrubs along 1,375 feet of		
		stream. 2.41 acres were restored at three planting locations.		
		GCSWCD removed a gravel berm 223 ft. long x 10 ft. wide x 4.5 ft.		
		high and relocated 371 cubic yards of berm material outside 100 yr.		
		floodplain prior to installing 350 trees to create a riparian buffer.		
Police Anchor		Project area was graded and seeded with riparian mix. With an		
Camp (Windham		additional planting along a tributary that bisects the parcel, 460		
Path) Riparian	GCSWCD,	native trees and shrubs were installed along 820 ft. of stream. 1.23		Completed
Project	NYCDEP	acres were restored in 2015. Project is complete.	CSBI	2015
		Riparian planting project to reestablish a forested riparian buffer		
		100 feet wide along 1,200 feet of the Batavia Kill was planted in		
		2009, as a pilot project to restore approximately 7.1 acres of		
		streamside vegetation. In 2015, GCSWCD obtained a land use and		
		herbicide permit to reestablish a forested riparian buffer and treat		
		Japanese knotweed. GCSWCD hosted a volunteer planting and		
Former Kastanis		installed 1,100 native trees and shrubs along 1,650 feet of stream, a		
Property Planting	GCSWCD,	total of 3.8 acres were restored. Japanese knotweed will require		Completed
Phase 2	NYCDEP	monitoring and follow-up treatment.	CSBI	2015
		A riparian planting to restore approximately 4,500 square feet of		
		streamside vegetation along a Schoharie Creek Tributary in Hunter.		
		In 2015, a volunteer planting was hosted at the site; 120 native trees		
Saenger Property	GCSWCD,	and shrubs and 20 willow stakes were installed along 137 feet of		Completed
Planting	NYCDEP	stream, 0.1 acre was restored.	CSBI	2015
		Restore approximately 300 linear feet of streamside vegetation		
		along the East Kill. GCSWCD has a 5 year landowner agreement		
		for this property. GCSWCD will install willow stakes along 300 ft.		
		of streambank to reestablish vegetation that washed out in Irene		
Posch Riparian	GCSWCD,	flooding. A riparian planting of 300 native trees and shrubs was		Completed
Planting	NYCDEP	installed in spring 2016.	CSBI	2016
		Riparian plantings were installed to a length totaling approximately		
		1,000 feet, with buffer widths varying from 45 feet to 100 feet,		
		covering an area of 1.15 acre, along the Batavia Kill in Windham.		
		This volunteer planting project was a 2016 Riverkeeper Sweep		
South Street	GCSWCD,	event. Staff and volunteers will installed 563 native trees and		Completed
Riparian Planting	NYCDEP	shrubs.	CSBI	2016
<u>_</u>		Restore approximately 4,500 square feet of streamside vegetation		
		along a portion of the Schoharie Creek in Hunter. GCSWCD		
		obtained a permit from DEC to grade less than 300 ft. of eroding		
Sawicki Property		bank. 35 riparian trees and shrubs were planted along with 180		
Grading and	GCSWCD,	willow stakes, 3 vertical bundles and 22 fascines to establish		Completed
Planting	NYCDEP	riparian vegetation along the left bank of the Schoharie Creek.	CSBI	2016
- 10010016		I is the second of the fort built of the benchmark creek.	0.001	2010

OUTREACH, EDUCA	OUTREACH, EDUCATION AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO STREAMSIDE LANDOWNERS				
Action Item	Partners	Description	Funding	Status	
		CSBI developed to educate and assist streamside landowners in			
		order to provide for improved stewardship in riparian areas.			
		Program guidelines, policies, protocols, and other items required			
		to offer a riparian buffer program to watershed landowners were			
		developed. A protocol was developed that utilizes stream feature			
Riparian Program	GCSWCD,	inventory and vegetation mapping to identify potential riparian	NYCDEP/	Completed	
Development	NYCDEP	planting sites.	GCSWCD	2008	
Where Infrastructure		How infrastructure and streams are influenced by each and what			
& Streams Collide:		potential strategies exist for prevention and mitigation of problems			
How to Manage Both	GCSWCD,	where stream instability has impacted infrastructure and vice-	NYCDEP/	Completed	
Responsibly	NYCDEP	versa.	GCSWCD	2008	
		CRSR, Inc. conducted a needs assessment, developed a marketing			
		strategy, and developed initial program roll-out with above			
		mentioned educational materials. Streamside Assistance Program			
		was renamed the Catskill Streams Buffer Initiative (CSBI) based			
Catskill Streams		on the assessment. The marketing strategy, program slogan, logo,			
Buffer Initiative	GCSWCD,	introduction language, program brochure, and application for		Completed	
Education Materials	NYCDEP	funding have all been developed.	CSBI	2009	
	GCSWCD/	It was decided by the SWAC E/O subcommittee to focus on			
Conduct Watershed	NYCDEP/	surveys on events; that enough watershed surveys have already		Completed	
Survey	SWAC	been done. No larger survey is expected.		2009	
		A skit involving landowners learning about permit requirements			
Dream Homes &		when building their dream home- volunteer role playing by	NYCDEP/	Completed	
Ditch Nightmares	GCSWCD	audience NYSDEC, DOS approved course.	GCSWCD	2009	
		GCSWCD printed 1,000 copies of a revised JKW prevention			
		brochure for distribution to landowners in knotweed prevention			
		areas identified by stream feature inventories. The brochures were			
Japanese Knotweed	GCSWCD/	mailed to 286 streamside landowners and distributed to 11	NYCDEP/	Completed	
Mailing	NYCDEP	municipal town halls (15 copies each).	GCSWCD	2010	
		GCSWCD CSBI sponsored Healthy Buffers, Healthy Streams: A			
		Landowner Workshop in July 2010. The interactive workshop was			
		held at the Spruceton Community Center in West Kill and showed		~	
Riparian Buffer	GCSWCD/	participants the characteristics of healthy vs. degraded buffers and	CODI	Completed	
Workshop	NYCDEP	different management practices to maintain healthy buffers.	CSBI	2010	
		Workshop participants learned how environmental mapping			
	CONVOD	software can assist local communities in site planning and	C) (ID	Completed	
Mountaintop Mapping	GCSWCD	subdivision reviews.	SMIP	2011	
	CCCWCD	A workshop was held for streamside landowners to highlight the			
D'antin Deffer	GCSWCD,	importance of riparian buffers. The workshop included a			
Riparian Buffer	NYCDEP,	demonstration of management practices used to maintain healthy	CODI	Completed	
Workshop	TU	stream buffers.	CSBI	2015	
		During Schoharie Watershed Month, Greene County Soil & Water			
		Conservation District's Laura Weyeneth led a guided walk at the			
Guided Walls 9-		Windham Path. Participants learned about the significance of			
Guided Walk &	CCSWCD	riparian buffers, native plants, and healthy aquatic ecosystems.	NVCDED	Completed	
Riparian Buffer Discussion	GCSWCD/	Participants also got a chance to see a newly installed riparian buffer along the Windham Path	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Completed	
DISCUSSIOII	NYCDEP	buffer along the Windham Path.	UCSWCD	2016	

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STREAM AND RIPAR	STREAM AND RIPARIAN ECOSYSTEM ASSESSMENT				
Action Item	Partners	Description	Funding	Status	
		NY Natural Heritage Program completed a final report			
		"Inventory, Classification, and Description of Riparian			
	GCSWCD,	Natural Community Reference Types for West Kill			
Catskill Riparian	NYCDEP,	Watershed, New York" and appendix "West Kill	NYCDEP/	Completed	
Reference Study	NYNHP	Restoration Guide to Planting."	GCSWCD	2009	
		C.T. Male Associates was hired to remap the wetlands on			
		the Ashland and Conine restoration sites to assure ACOE's			
		wetland mitigation requirements were being met. Wetland			
Restoration Project	GCSWCD,	mapping and reporting was completed by C.T. Male	NYCDEP/	Completed	
Wetland Mapping	NYCDEP	Associates.	GCSWCD	2009	
		Hudsonia sampled Japanese knotweed management plots			
		for several years. The results of their research are shown in			
	GCSWCD,	the final report "Experimental Management of Japanese			
Japanese Knotweed	NYCDEP,	Knotweed on the Batavia Kill, Greene County, New York",	NYCDEP/	Completed	
Management Project	Hudsonia	which was submitted to GCSWCD in December 2009.	GCSWCD	2009	
		SMPs included a recommendation to characterize the			
		current health of stream ecosystems using food web			
		dynamics, the presence or absence of indicator species and			
		primary producers, and the status of fish populations, among			
	GCSWCD,	others. Under guidance of Habitat/Recreation			
	NYCDEP,	Subcommittee, GCSWCD has organized a master repository			
	Habitat &	which integrates existing data and published documents and			
Organize Repository of	Recreation	may help determine where additional field studies are	NYCDEP/	Completed	
Stream Ecosystem Data	Subcommittee	warranted.	GCSWCD	2013	
		GCSWCD and NYCDEP worked with USGS and RIT to			
		determine the location of thermal refugia, which are			
	GCSWCD,	important to cold water fish communities during the			
	NYCDEP,	summer months. The study was conducted to inform and			
	Habitat &	guide entities whose activities may impact cold water			
Water Temperature	Recreation	inputs. In 2012, RIT conducted imagery collection flight	NYCDEP/		
Impacts on Fisheries	Subcommittee,	and submitted report, in 2013, USGS analyzed and	GCSWCD,	Completed	
Study	USGS	summarized the data, and in 2014, USGS submitted report.	USGS	2014	

WATERSHED PROTECTION AND COMMUNITY PLANNING					
Project Title	Partners	Description	Funding	Status	
Implementing SEQRA, basics & determinations	GCSWCD, NYCDEP	Participants were provided a basic understanding of the SEQRA process.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Completed Annually 2008-2010	
Federal & NYS Wetland Protection & Regulation	GCSWCD, NYCDEP	Presentation of regulations.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Completed 2008	
Schoharie Watershed	GCSWCD,	Engaged multiple watershed partners and agencies, municipal officials, and departments (highway, planning, and code enforcement) in the strategy's development which focused on landscape sources that contribute to water quality impairments. Some recommendations were identified as implementation activities in 2009-11 action plan and Schoharie Watershed Advisory Committee	NYCDEP/	Completed	
Strategy	NYCDEP	reviewed proposals to allocate funding in 2009.	GCSWCD	2008	
Low-Impact Development	NYCDEP, GCSWCD	An overview of an alternative approach to site planning, design, and building that minimizes landscape impacts and preserves the natural hydrological cycle.	NYCDEP/ GCSWCD	Completed 2009	

		GCSWCD WAP worked with numerous public and private		
		sector partners to develop a comprehensive master plan that		
	NYCDEP,	focuses on recreation, and also includes open space, scenic		
	GCSWCD,	quality and cultural resources. Two implementation		
	WAP,	subcommittees are working on marketing and coordinating		
	Schoharie	projects and outdoor resource improvements that promote		
Mountaintop Recreation	Basin	access to, and appreciation of, the mountaintop's natural	NYCDEP/	Completed
Master Plan	Municipalities	environment including stream systems.	GCSWCD	2009
Low Impact	NYCDEP,			
Development	GCSWCD,	How improved site planning can achieve multi-objectives	NYCDEP/	Completed
Made Local	WAP	for Schoharie basin communities.	GCSWCD	2010
		GCSWCD worked with the Town of Hunter and the		
		Villages of Tannersville and Hunter to undertake a Corridor		
		Study that entailed comprehensive assessment of potential		
		future development along the State Route 23A corridor. The		
Town of Hunter	NYCDEP,	study was in effort to evaluate foreseeable development and		
Corridor Regional	GCSWCD,	environmental mitigation associated with future	NYCDEP/	Completed
Planning Study	WAP	development.	GCSWCD	2010
	GCSWCD,	Workshop participants were informed about the permit		
State and City	NYCDEP,	requirements of NYSDEC, NYCDEP and what triggers a	NYCDEP/	Completed
Stormwater Regulations	NYSDEC	permit.	GCSWCD	2011
Stormwater Regulations	NISDEC	GCSWCD's WAP, Kendall Stormwater Services, and	UCSWCD	2011
		Morris Associates worked with Ashland, Jewett, Lexington,		
		Windham, Hunter, and Tannersville. For each community,		
		there was a comprehensive code review against model		
		development principles, helped identify which principles to		
		address for local government, developed LID manual for		
		communities to use in site planning, and to share with	C) (ID	<b>C</b> 1 1
Mountaintop Better Site	COUNCE	landowners and developers. Also, an education packet, for	SMIP,	Completed
Design Plan Workshops	GCSWCD	easier reference, was developed.	LTAP	2011-2012
		Conducted a detailed review of Hunter's land use		
Town of Hunter Land	Town of	regulations. Hunter adopted revisions, new regulations &/or		
Use Regulation Review	Hunter,	guidelines that promote low impact design, climate smart		
& Development	GCSWCD,	and smart growth principles. A land use committee was		Completed
Guidelines	NYCDEP	formed to guide the process.	SMIP	2016

ENHANCING PUBLIC ACCESS TO STREAMS					
Action Item	Partners	Description	Funding	Status	
		GCSWCD worked with the Town of Prattsville on a master			
		plan for redevelopment of Conine Field. Key conservation			
		issues included fishing access point, knotweed management, a			
		riparian buffer planting and a conservation easement on sections			
	GCSWCD,	of the property adjoining the Batavia Kill and Schoharie Creek			
Prattsville Conine	NYCDEP,	and a stormwater pollution prevention plan retrofitting the site	NYCDEP/	Completed	
Park	Prattsville	to meet current standards for new construction.	GCSWCD	2008	
		GCSWCD assisted the Town of Windham with the			
		development of a public access area on a NYCDEP owned			
		parcel in the hamlet of Windham. The GCSWCD completed a			
	GCSWCD,	site design, Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan and other	NYCDEP/		
Windham Creamery	NYCDEP,	documents. The design included the construction of parking	GCSWCD,	Completed	
Pond	Windham	area and athletic fields and was left to the town to complete.	Windham	2008	
Town of Windham	GCSWCD,	GCSWCD provided conceptual plans to the Town of Windham	NYCDEP/		
(Police Anchor	NYCDEP,	to assist with assessment and planning for public use of a 65	GCSWCD,	Completed	
Camp)	Windham	acre parcel located in the Batavia Kill watershed.	Windham	2010	

		GCSWCD and NYCDEP completed a parking area and access		
Ashland Fishing	GCSWCD,	to an existing public fishing area on the Batavia Kill at the		
Access	NYCDEP,	Ashland Connector Reach Restoration Project. The access	NYCDEP/	Completed
Enhancements	Ashland	includes an information kiosk.	GCSWCD	2010
Lindheements	Asinana	All stream management plans recommend enhancing public	GCSWCD	2010
	GCSWCD,	access of the streams for fishing. Along many of the streams		
Dromoto Increased	NYCDEP, Recreation &	within the Schoharie Watershed, there are public fishing access		
Promote Increased Recreational Use of	Habitat	points; existing access locations have been mapped. Through	NWCDED/	Commissional
	Subcommittee	the Recreation and Habitat category, multiple stream access	NYCDEP/	Completed 2010
Watershed Streams		parks have been and will continue to be supported by SWAC.	GCSWCD	2010
	GCSWCD,	The Town of Prattsville was approved for SMIP funding		
D // 11 0/	NYCDEP,	October 2009; this grant was closed in August 2012, due to site		G 1 1
Prattsville Stream	Prattsville,	constraints and significant flood damage throughout Prattsville		Completed
Access Parking	SWAC	during Hurricane Irene in 2011.		2012
		GCSWCD and NYCDEP assisted Town of Windham and the		
		Windham Area Recreation Foundation with installation of a		
	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	public, non-motorized, multi-use trail along a 65 acre parcel		
	GCSWCD,	located along the Batavia Kill. SWAC/SMIP funds were used to		
	NYCDEP,	cover the cost of materials for a boardwalk and footbridges. The	NYCDEP/	
	WARF,	path is used almost daily by local residents and visitors of	GCSWCD,	Completed
Windham Path	Windham	Windham.	WARF	2013
		The GCSWCD assisted the Town of Lexington with the		
		development of a small "pocket park" located on the Schoharie		
		Creek. The project included the removal of a derelict house		
		(completed 2007), cleaning up weedy growth, enhancement of		
		riparian vegetation and installation of low impact improvements		
	NYCDEP,	such as demonstrative plantings, informational signage and		
Schoharie Creek	GCSWCD,	stream access. Plantings were installed in 2010 and repaired in		
Park (Town of	Town of	2012 following flood damages. In 2012, split rail fencing was		Completed
Lexington)	Lexington	installed. In 2015, signage was installed.	SMIP	2015
		The Windham Area Recreation Foundation is working on		
		expanding the Windham Path, a 1.3 mile non-motorized, multi-		
		use recreational trail in the Town of Windham near the Batavia		
	NYCDEP,	Kill. Phase 2 extends the trail over the Batavia Kill on a	SMIP,	
	GCSWCD,	pedestrian bridge to the Route 296/South Street business	Windham,	
	WAP,	district. A second SMIP grant was awarded in 2014 for two	NYCDEP/	
Windham Path	WARF,	small wooden footbridges that cross wet areas along the path's	GCSWCD,	Completed
Phase 2	SWAC	phase 2 extension, and a trailhead sign and kiosk on Route 296.	WARF	2015
		The SCSWCD, GCSWCD, NYCDEP and the Town of		
		Conesville worked together to rehabilitate the existing walking		
	NYCDEP,	path in the Conesville Town Park. A SMIP grant was awarded		
Conesville Town	GCSWCD,	in 2014; the design, permitting and construction of the path		Completed
Park Walking Path	SCSWCD	were combined with the Manor Kill Stream Restoration Project.	SMIP	2015
č	NYCDEP,			
		The project is a sub-component of the overall redevelopment	1	
Charles E'st	GCSWCD,			C 1 1
Conine Fishing	GCSWCD, Town of	and expansion of Conine Field Recreation Complex in	SMIP	Completed
Conine Fishing Access			SMIP	Completed 2016

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STREAM ACCESS EDUCATION AND OUTREACH					
Action Item	Partners	Description	Funding	Status	
	GCSWCD,	A Kiosk for Conesville was provided by GCSWCD, and a			
Manor Kill	NYCDEP,	general Schoharie Watershed/Schoharie SWCD educational	NYCDEP/		
Information	Conesville,	panel was produced in conjunction with GCSWCD's kiosk	GCSWCD,	Completed	
Kiosk	SCSWCD	series.	SCSWCD	2011	
	Windham	As part of Schoharie Watershed Month, a guided riparian buffer	GCSWCD,	Completed	
Riparian Walk	Path	walk and discussion was held at the Windham Path.	NYCDEP	2016	